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THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

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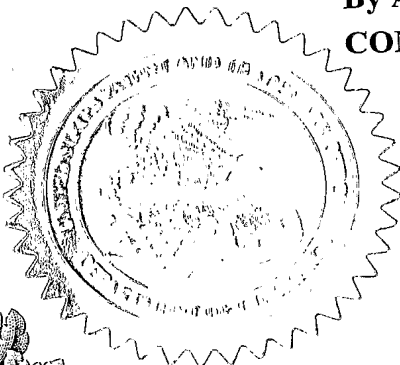
February 02, 2005

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APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/543,922

FILING DATE: February 13, 2004

By Authority of the
COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS



P. SWAIN
Certifying Officer

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Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT COVER SHEET

This is a request for filing a PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(c).

Docket Number		003301-118		Type a plus sign (+) inside this box	+
INVENTOR(S)/APPLICANT(S)					
LAST NAME	FIRST NAME	MIDDLE INITIAL	RESIDENCE (CITY AND EITHER STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY)		
PETTERSSON	Lars		Lund, Sweden		
<input type="checkbox"/> Additional inventors are being named on the _____ separately numbered sheets attached hereto.					
TITLE OF THE INVENTION (500 characters max)					
STEROIDS FOR CANCER TREATMENT					
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS					
Burns, Doane, Swecker & Mathis, L.L.P. Customer Number 21839 Post Office Box 1404 Alexandria					
STATE	Virginia	ZIP CODE	22313-1404	COUNTRY	United States of America
ENCLOSED APPLICATION PARTS (check all that apply)					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specification		Number of Pages	79	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (specify) Claims 1 to 15 (27 Pages) Abstract (1 Page)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s)		Number of Sheets			
<input type="checkbox"/> Application Data Sheet. See 37 CFR 1.76					
METHOD OF PAYMENT OF FILING FEES FOR THIS PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT (check one)					
<input type="checkbox"/> Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 C.F.R. § 1.27.			PROVISIONAL FILING FEE AMOUNT(S)		<input type="checkbox"/> \$80.00 (2005)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A check or money order is enclosed to cover the Provisional filing fees.					<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> \$160.00 (1005)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Director is hereby authorized to charge any deficiency in filing fees or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-4800. This paper is submitted in duplicate.					

The invention was made by an agency of the United States Government or under a contract with an agency of the United States Government.

☒ No.☐ Yes, the name of the U.S. Government agency and the Government contract number are:BURNS DOANE
BURNS DOANE SWECKER & MATHIS LLP
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAWPROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT
COVER SHEET

Page 1

Respectfully submitted,

SIGNATURE Benton S. Duffett Jr.

DATE February 13, 2004

TYPED or PRINTED NAME Benton S. Duffett, Jr.

Registration No. 22,030
(if appropriate)

STEROIDS FOR CANCER TREATMENTField of the invention

The present invention relates to novel compounds which are 7 α -substituted 17-alkylene-16 α -hydroxy steroidal estrogens. This invention specifically relates to estrogen derivatives where the 7 α -substituent is chosen in such a way that it conveys anti-estrogenic properties to the compound. The present invention also relates to use of said compounds as a medicament, and for the treatment of estrogen dependent disorders, a pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more of said compounds and a method of treatment.

Background and prior art

Estrogens are small molecule ligands that bind to the ligand-binding domain (LBD) of the estrogen receptors ER- α and ER- β . The ligand-receptor complex regulates the transcription of certain genes by binding to response elements in the promotor regions of the genes. The receptor protein activates the transcription machinery by a complex mechanism, through the activating functions AF-1 and AF-2 in the ER. For a comprehensive review on (anti)-estrogens, their receptors, structure and function, see ref 1.

There are broadly speaking three types of ligands, all binding to the LBD but showing different pharmacological profiles: the full agonists, e.g. estradiol, which activate through both the AF-1 and the AF-2 activating functions of the receptor; the mixed agonists/antagonists or the so called SERMs (selective ER modulators), e.g. raloxifen, which activate only through the AF-1 and behave either as agonists or as antagonists depending on the cellular context and tissue; the full antagonists, e.g. ICI 182,780, which inhibit both the AF-1 and the AF-2 activating functions.

The full antagonists, the so called pure anti-estrogens, were first described by Bowler et al. (ref 2) and are especially useful for the treatment of breast cancer.

5 The molecular mechanisms at the level of ligand-receptor complex differentiating the full agonist, the SERM, and the full antagonist have recently been elucidated by X-ray crystallography (ref 3,4).

10 In addition to 17 β -hydroxy substitution, full antagonist steroidal estrogens typically bear an 11 β - or a 7 α -long-chain substituent, which is necessary for the antagonistic property (ref 1). It has been speculated that the 11 β - and 7 α -substituents, both for antagonists and agonists, may bind to a common pocket in the receptor
15 protein (ref 5).

 Recently it was shown that the full antagonist ICI 164,384 binds to the LBD of ER β in a 180° flipped orientation around the O3-O17 axis, compared with the estradiol-ER complex (ref 4). In this orientation the 7 α -substituent of ICI 164,384 can occupy the so-called 11 β -
20 pocket of the receptor LBD.

 In order to show potent agonistic effects steroidal estrogens should have a 17-hydroxy group, preferably a 17 β -hydroxy, or a 17-keto group. The 17 β -hydroxy group in
25 such compounds is often combined with e.g. 17 α -alkyl (or -alkynyl) or 16 α -halide substituents. This type of D-ring substitution pattern has also been used in the 11 β - or 7 α -substituted steroidal anti-estrogens reported in the literature, including the 7 α -substituted steroidal compounds of the closest prior-art.
30

 In EP0138504 7 α -substituted steroidal compounds, which are 17 β -hydroxy substituted, optionally derivatized, or 17-keto substituted, are reported. This document includes the compound ICI 182,780 (3,17 β -dihydroxy -7 α -
35 (9-[[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene)).

EP0280618 describes 7 α -aryl substituted steroids, including anti-estrogens, which all are 17 β -hydroxy, 17 β -acyloxy, or 17 β -alkoxy substituted compounds.

EP0367576 discloses compounds for use in the inhibition of sex steroid activity. Among these compounds are 7 α -substituted estratrienes, preferably substituted with a 17-hydroxy or a 17-keto group.

In WO9920646 7 α -thioethers are reported as steroidal estrogens and anti-estrogens. The compounds are 17-hydroxy, 17-acyloxy, 17-alkoxy, or 17-keto substituted in the D-ring. The 17 β -derivatives are preferred.

In WO0142186 compounds having hydroxycarbonyl-halogenoalkyl side chains are reported. Some of these compounds are described as 7 α -substituted steroidal anti-estrogens, all of which have the 17 β -hydroxy substitution pattern.

In EP0410554 7 α -substituted 14,17 α -ethano- and -ethenoestratrienes are reported as anti-estrogenic compounds. The compounds are all 17 β -hydroxy derivatives.

EP0906332 (DE 19622457) reports on 7 α -(5-methylaminopentyl)-estratrienes and WO9933855 reports on 11 β -halogen-7 α -substituted estrogens. All compounds are 17 β -hydroxy or 17 β -acyloxy derivatives.

In WO9807740 7 α -aminoalkyl-estratrienes are described, all compounds being 17-hydroxy or -acyloxy derivatives. The vast majority of cited compounds are 17 β -hydroxy derivatives.

Summary of the invention

The objective problem of the present invention is to develop novel 7 α -substituted steroidal anti-estrogen compounds with a new D-ring substitution pattern, that does not include the above mentioned substitution pattern known for potent estrogens, but still with a retained or higher affinity for the estrogen receptor in comparison with the above disclosed compounds of the prior art.

This kind of novel compounds, in the form of new high affinity steroidal anti-estrogens according to for-

mula I, have been developed by introducing a 17-alkylene-16 α -hydroxyl substitution in the D-ring in combination with 7 α -side-chains to convey antagonistic properties to the steroidal estrogens. The 7-unsubstituted 17-alkylene-16- α -hydroxyl derivatives have earlier been described in document WO9708188 as steroidal estrogens with low "sex hormonal" activities, indicating a low binding affinity and/or low estrogenic agonistic potency of these compounds.

10 The inventor of the present invention have unexpectedly found that the compounds of the present invention show equal or even higher affinity to the ER α -receptor, compared with prior art compounds. The 17-alkylene-16 α -hydroxyl substitution pattern can conceptually be combined with any type of anti-estrogenic 7 α -side-chain. Compounds of the present invention that show pure anti-estrogenic activity are especially useful for the treatment of estrogen dependent breast cancer and other estrogen related disorders such as

20 anovulatory infertility
menstrual disorders
male pattern baldness
dysfunctional uterine bleeding
25 endometrial polyps
benign breast disease
uterine leiomyomas
adenomyosis
ovarian cancer
30 endometrial cancer
melanoma
prostate cancer
cancers of the colon
CNS cancers
35 endometriosis
polycystic ovary syndrome
infertility

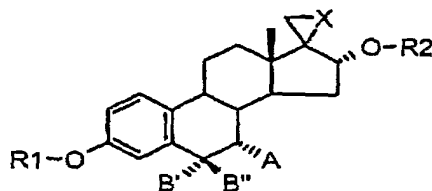
and can also be used for contraception in males.

The phrases "antagonistic properties" and "anti-estrogenic properties" used in the present application relates to compounds that antagonise the action of an estrogen at the receptor level.

Detailed description of the invention

The object of the present invention is to provide novel compounds which are 7 α -substituted 17-alkylene-16 α -hydroxy steroidal estrogens.

In a first aspect the present invention relates to a compound of the general formula I



I

wherein

A is a 8-22 atoms long substituent, which convey anti-estrogenic properties to the compound and which substituent A is defined by D₁₋₆, wherein D is chosen from the group comprising R₄-C(O)R₄, R₄S(O)₀₋₂R₄, N(R₄)₃, R₄OR₄ and R₄(C₆H₄)R₄

wherein R₄ independently represents a bond, or H, or a halogenated or non-halogenated, saturated or unsaturated, mono-, di-, or trivalent C₁-C₁₂ hydrocarbon

B', B'' are H, H or H, O-R₃ or O-R₃, H or H, F or together represent =O;

R₁ is H, or a potentially metabolically unstable group chosen from the group comprising a straight, branched, or cyclic C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ acyl, benzoyl, sulphamoyl, or N-acetyl-sulphamoyl;

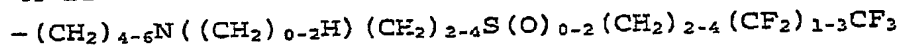
R₂ is H, or a potentially metabolically unstable group chosen from the group comprising C₁-C₆ acyl or benzoyl;

R3 is H, or C1-C3 alkyl, or a metabolically unstable group chosen from the group comprising C1-C6 acyl, benzoyl, sulphamoyl, or N-acetyl-sulphamoyl; and

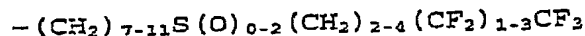
X is methylene or a single bond, or

5 pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the compounds of the general formula I.

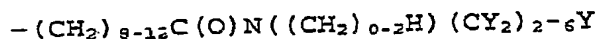
In one preferred embodiment of the present invention, A is



10 or

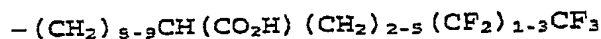


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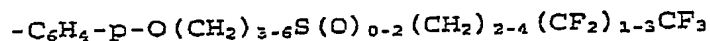


wherein Y is chosen from H or F

15 or

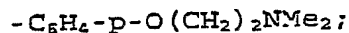


or



or

20

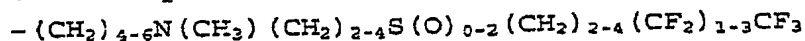


R1 is hydrogen, or methyl, or acetyl, or benzoyl, or sulphamoyl, or N-acetyl-sulphamoyl;

R2 is hydrogen; and

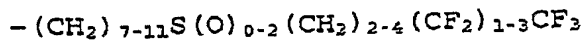
25 R3 is H, or methyl, or a potentially metabolically unstable group chosen from the group comprising C1-C6 acyl, benzoyl, sulphamoyl, or N-acetyl-sulphamoyl.

In another preferred embodiment A is

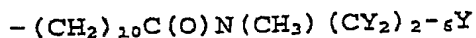


or

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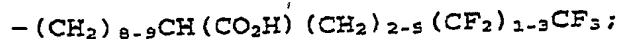
or



wherein Y is chosen from H or F

or

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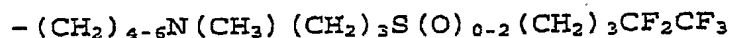


B', B'' are H, H or H, O-R3 or O-R3, H or H, F;

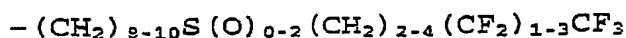
R1 is H, or methyl, or acetyl, or sulphamoyl; and

R3 is H, or methyl, or acyl;

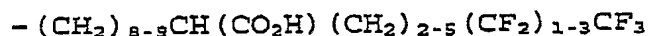
In still another preferred embodiment of the present invention A is



5 or



or

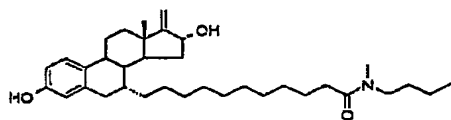


10 and

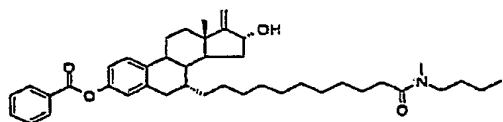
R3 is H.

In yet another embodiment the new compound described above is chosen from the group comprising

11-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-
15 7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide,

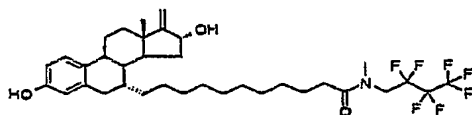


20 11-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-
7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide 3-O-benzoate,



25

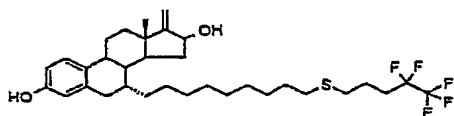
11-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-
7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid (2,2,3,3,4,4,4-heptafluoro)-n-
butyl-methyl-amide,



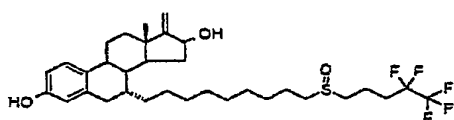
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3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-penta-
fluoro-n-pentyl)thio]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

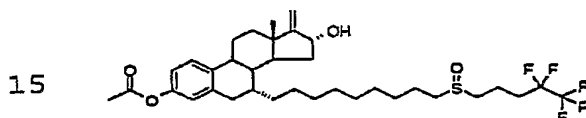
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3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-penta-
5 fluoro-n-pentyl) sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

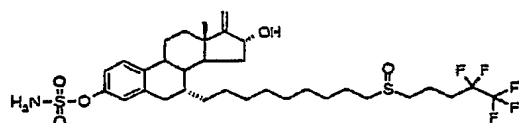


10 3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-penta-
fluoro-n-pentyl) sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-
O-acetate,

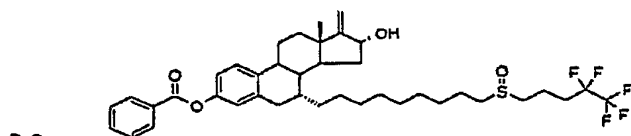


15 3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-penta-
fluoro-n-pentyl) sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-
O-sulfamate,

20



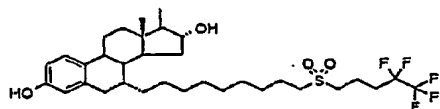
25 3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-penta-
fluoro-n-pentyl) sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-
O-benzoate,



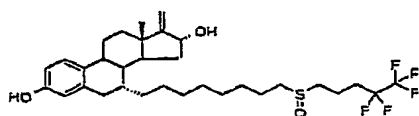
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3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-penta-
fluoro-n-pentyl) sulfonyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

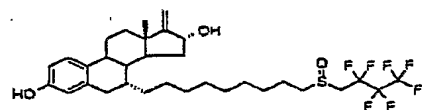
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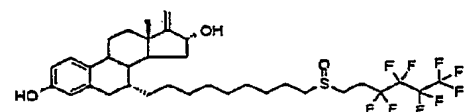
3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-penta-
5 fluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]octyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



10 7 α -[9-[(2,2,3,3,4,4,4-Heptafluoro-n-butyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-
3,16 α -dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

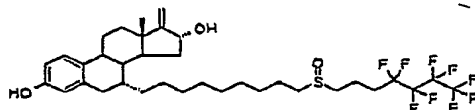


15 3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-
nonafluoro-n-hexyl)sulfonyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



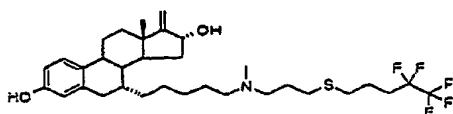
20 3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-
nonafluoro-n-heptyl)sulfonyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-
triene,

25

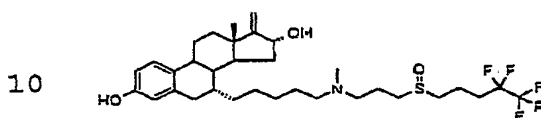


30 3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-
(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-
estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

35

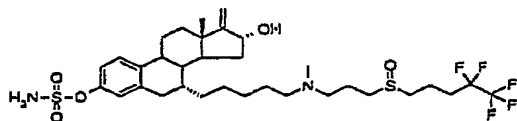


- 5 3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfinyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



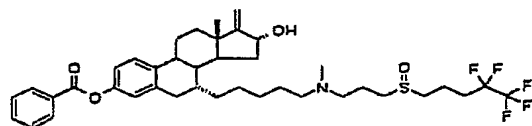
- 10 3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfinyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-sulfamate,

15



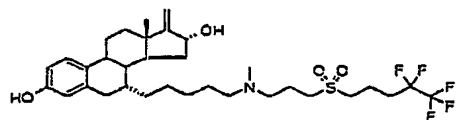
- 20 3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfonyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-benzoate,

25

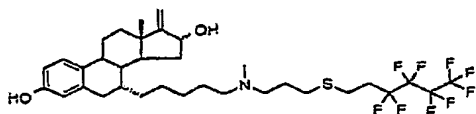


- 3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfonyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

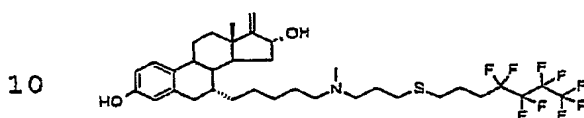
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- 35 3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

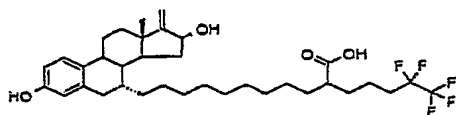


- 5 3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-nonafluoro-n-heptyl)-propylamino]pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

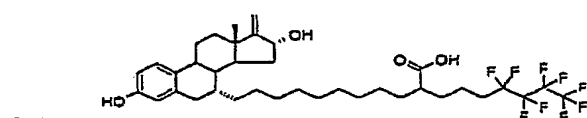


- 10 11-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)-undecanoic acid,

15



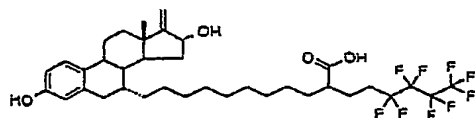
- 20 11-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-nonafluoro-n-heptyl)-undecanoic acid,



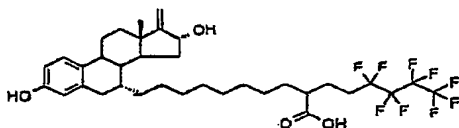
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- 11-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-undecanoic acid,

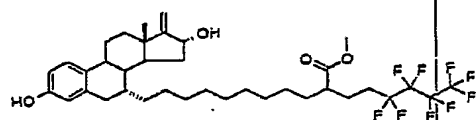
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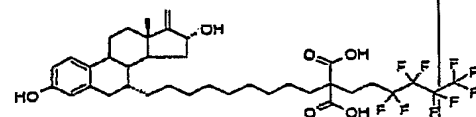
- 35 10-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-decanoic acid,



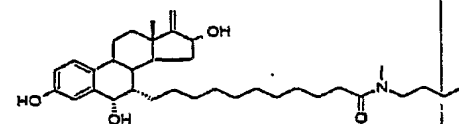
- 5 11-(3,16α-Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-undecanoic acid methylester,



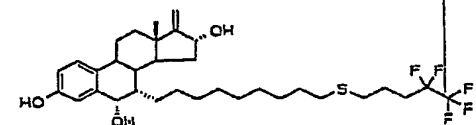
- 10 2-[9-(3,16α-Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-nonyl]-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-malonic acid,



- 15 11-(3,6α,16α-Trihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide,

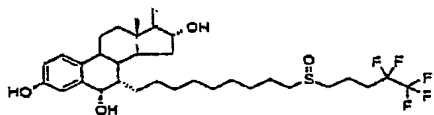


- 20 3,6α,16α-Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thio]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

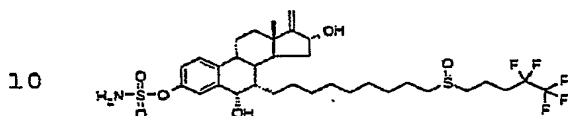


- 25 3,6α,16α-Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

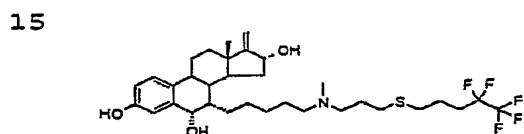
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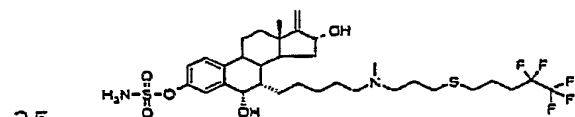
- 5 3,6α,16α-Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl) sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-sulfamate,



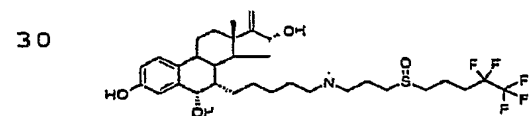
- 10 3,6α,16α-Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



- 15 3,6α,16α-Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-sulfamate,

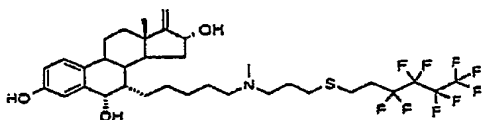


- 20 3,6α,16α-Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfinyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

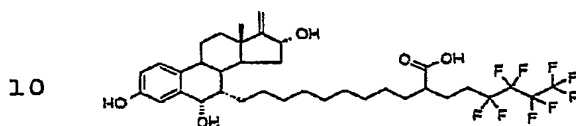


- 25 3,6α,16α-Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

- 30 3,6α,16α-Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

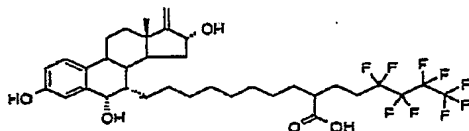


- 5 11-(3,6α,16α-Trihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-undecanoic acid,

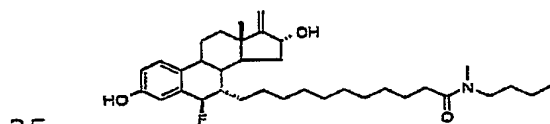


- 10 10-(3,6α,16α-Trihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-decanoic acid,

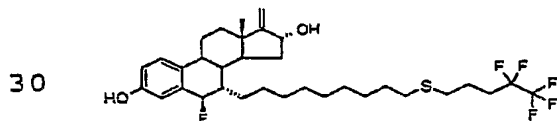
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- 20 11-(6β-Fluoro-3,16α-dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methylamide,

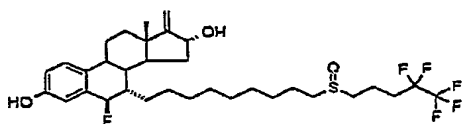


- 25 6β-Fluoro-3,16α-dihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thio]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

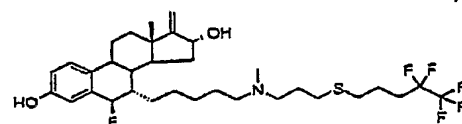


- 30 6β-Fluoro-3,16α-dihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

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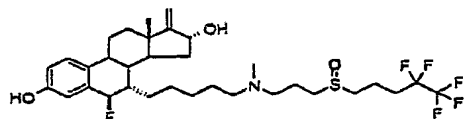


- 5 6β-Fluoro-3,16α-dihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

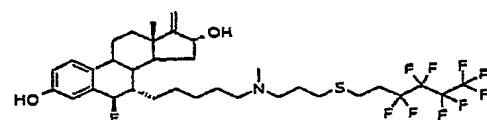


- 10 6β-Fluoro-3,16α-dihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfinyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

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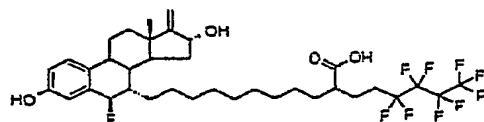


- 20 6β-Fluoro-3,16α-dihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

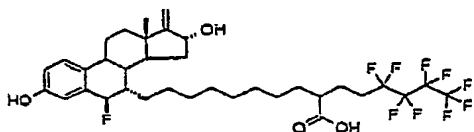


- 25 11-(6β-Fluoro-3,16α-dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-undecanoic acid,

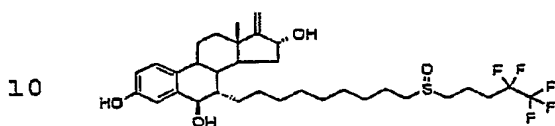
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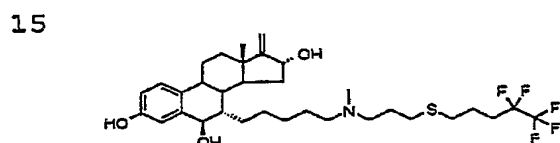
- 35 10-(6β-Fluoro-3,16α-dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-decanoic acid,



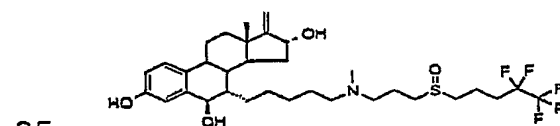
- 5 3,6β,16α-Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl) sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



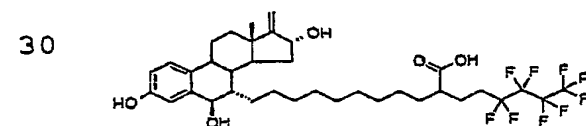
- 10 3,6β,16α-Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



- 15 3,6β,16α-Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfinyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

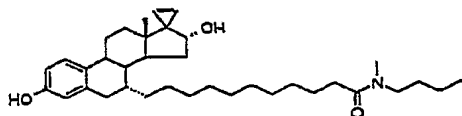


- 25 11-(3,6β,16α-Trihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-undecanoic acid,

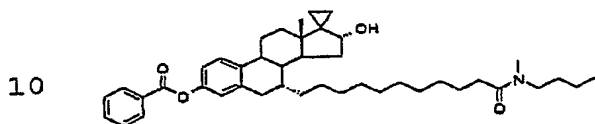


- 30 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16α-dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide,

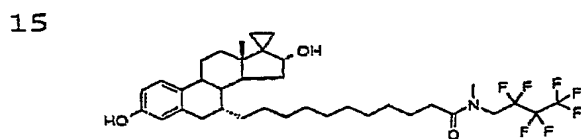
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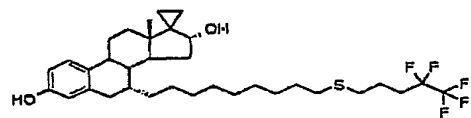
- 5 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide 3-O-benzoate,



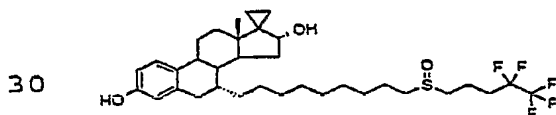
- 10 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid (2,2,3,3,4,4,4-heptafluoro)-n-butyl-methyl-amide,



- 15 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thio]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

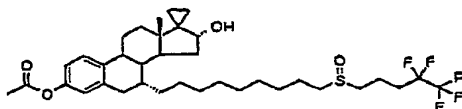


- 20 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

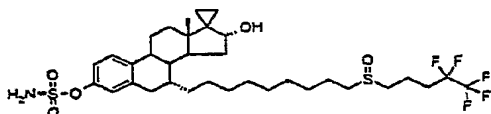


- 25 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-acetate,

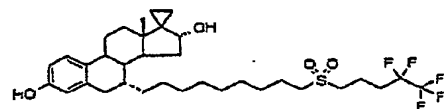
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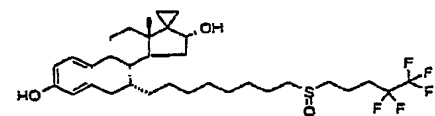
- 5 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-sulfamate,



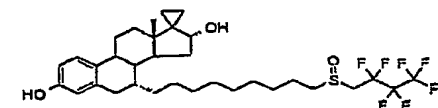
- 10 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfonyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



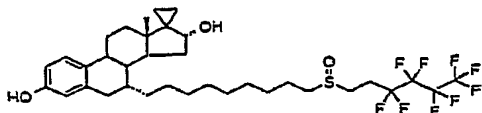
- 15 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]octyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



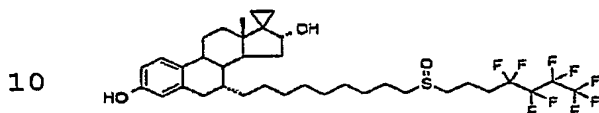
- 20 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-7 α -[9-[(2,2,3,3,4,4,4-heptafluoro-n-butyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



- 25 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-7 α -[9-[(2,2,3,3,4,4,4-heptafluoro-n-butyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,
- 30 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)sulfonyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,
- 35

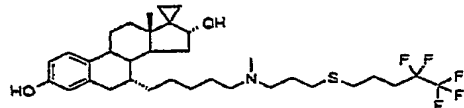


- 5 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-
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estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

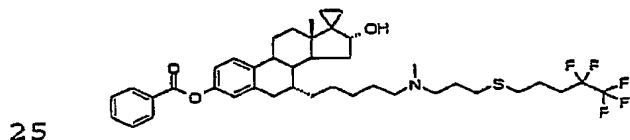


- 10 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-
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estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

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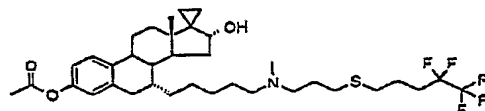


- 20 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-
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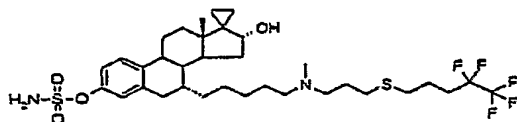


- 25 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-
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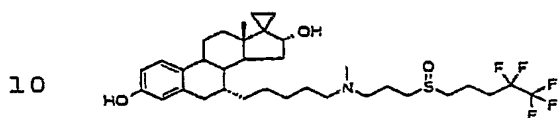
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- 35 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-
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estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-sulfamate,

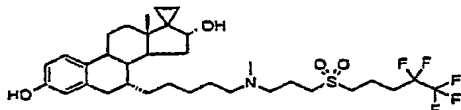


- 5 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfinyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



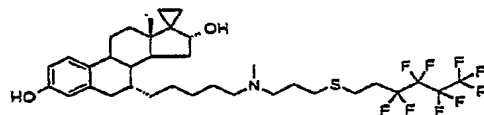
- 10 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfonyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

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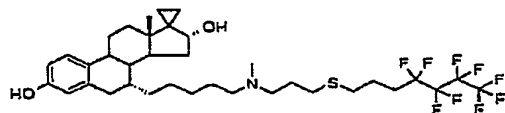
- 20 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

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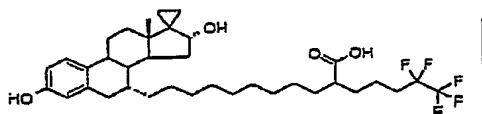


- 25 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-nonafluoro-n-heptyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

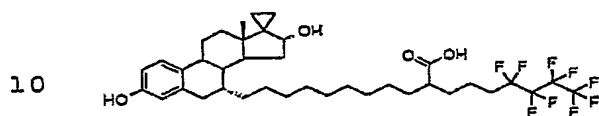
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- 30 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)-undecanoic acid,

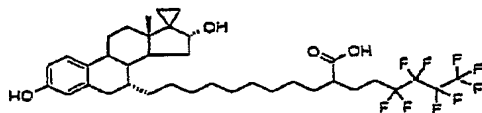


- 5 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-nonafluoro-n-heptyl)-undecanoic acid,

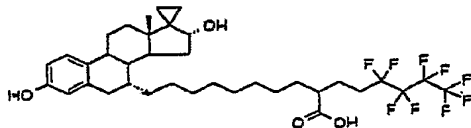


- 10 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-undecanoic acid,

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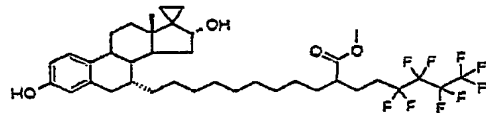
- 20 10-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-decanoic acid,



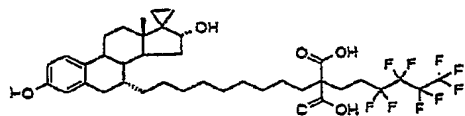
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- 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-undecanoic acid methylester,

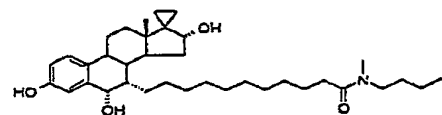
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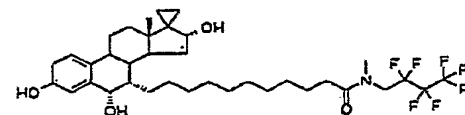
- 35 2-[9-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-nonyl]-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-malonic acid,



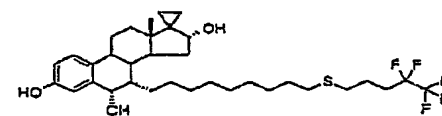
- 5 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide,



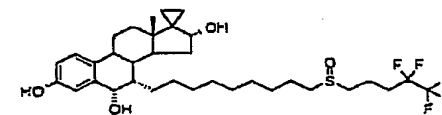
- 10 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid (2,2,3,3,4,4,4-heptafluoro)-n-butyl-methyl-amide,



- 15 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thio]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

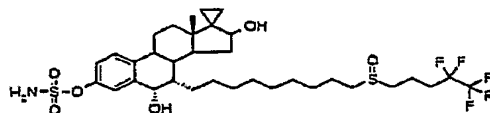


- 20 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

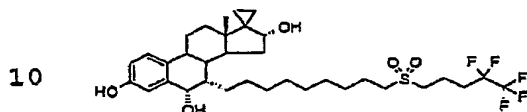


- 25 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfonyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-sulfamate,

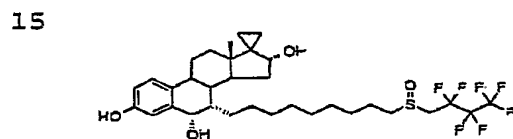
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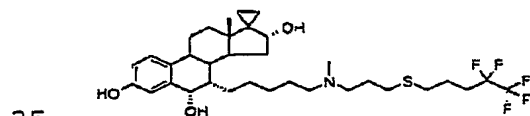
- 5 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6α,6α-trihydroxy-7α-[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl) sulfonyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



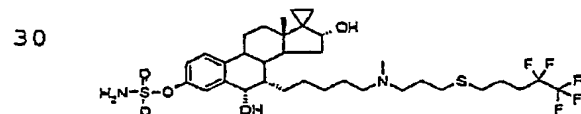
- 10 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-7α-[9-[(2,2,3,3,4,4,4-heptafluoro-n-butyl) sulfinyl]nonyl]-3,6α,6α-trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



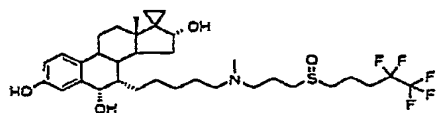
- 15 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6α,6α-trihydroxy-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



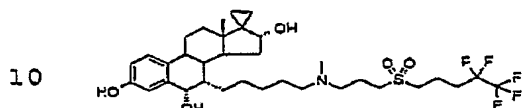
- 20 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6α,6α-trihydroxy-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-sulfamate,



- 25 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6α,6α-trihydroxy-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfinyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

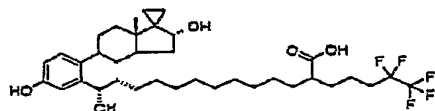


- 5 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfonyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

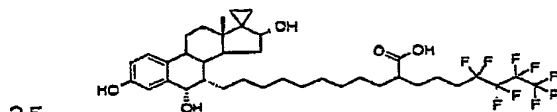


- 10 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)-undecanoic acid,

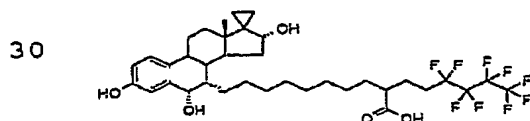
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- 20 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-nonafluoro-n-heptyl)-undecanoic acid,

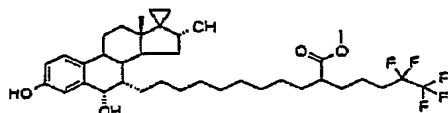


- 25 10-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-decanoic acid,

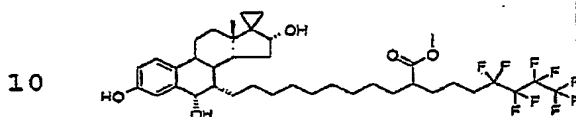


- 30 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)-undecanoic acid methylester,

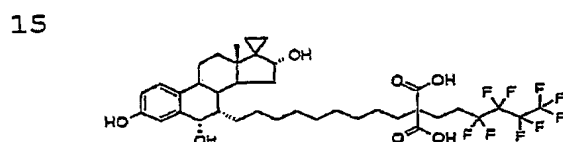
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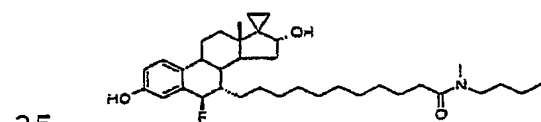
- 5 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6α,6α-trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-nonafluoro-n-heptyl)-undecanoic acid methylester,



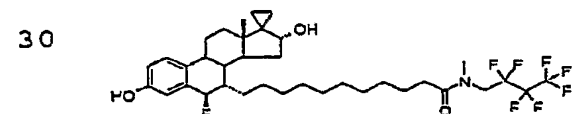
- 10 2-[9-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6α,6α-trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-nonyl]-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-malonic acid,



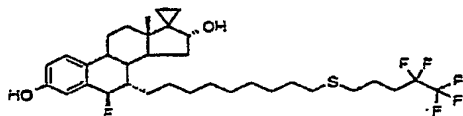
- 15 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6β-fluoro-3,16α-dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide,



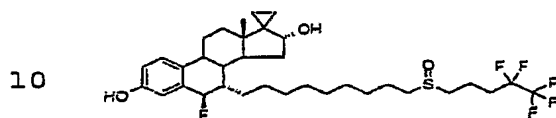
- 20 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6β-fluoro-3,16α-dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-undecanoic acid (2,2,3,3,4,4,4-heptafluoro)-n-butyl-methyl-amide,



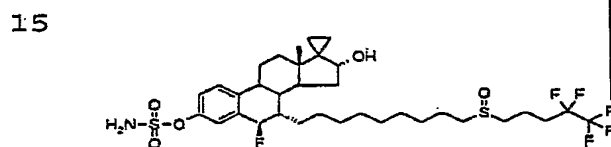
- 25 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6β-fluoro-3,16α-dihydroxy-7α-[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thio]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



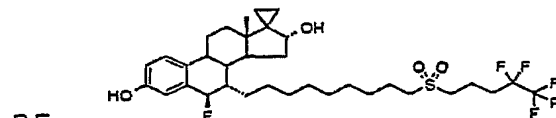
- 5 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-
[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl) sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-
1,3,5(10)-triene,



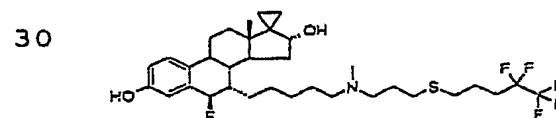
- 10 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-
[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl) sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-
1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-sulfamate,



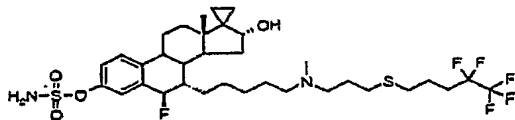
- 15 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-
[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl) sulfonyl]nonyl]-estra-
1,3,5(10)-triene,



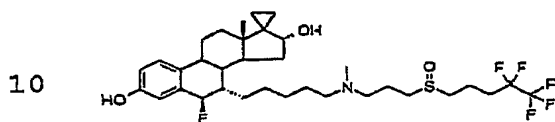
- 25 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-
methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propyl-
amino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



- 30 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-
methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propyl-
35 amino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-sulfamate,

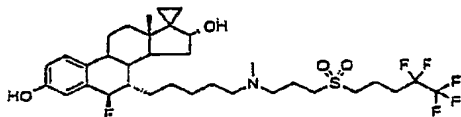


- 5 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfinyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

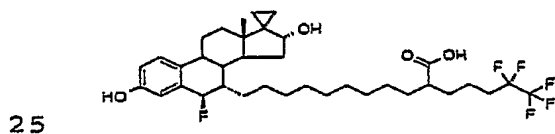


- 10 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfonyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

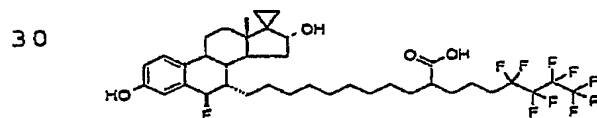
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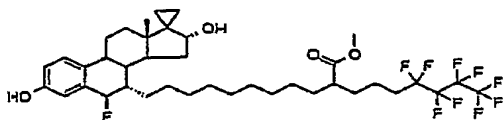
- 20 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)-undecanoic acid,



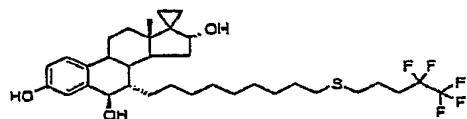
- 25 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-nonafluoro-n-heptyl)-undecanoic acid,



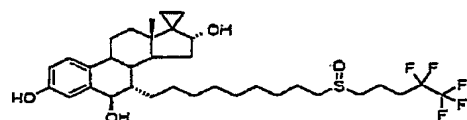
- 30 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-nonafluoro-n-heptyl)-undecanoic acid methylester,



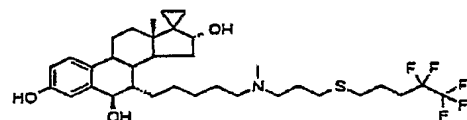
- 5 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 β ,6 α -trihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thio]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



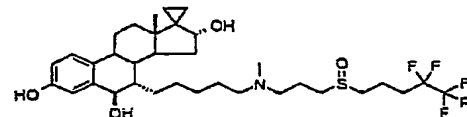
- 10 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 β ,6 α -trihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



- 15 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 β ,6 α -trihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

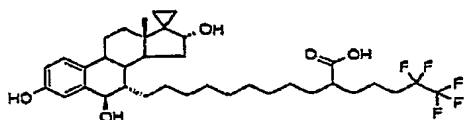


- 25 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 β ,6 α -trihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfinyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

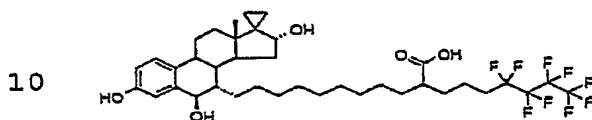


- 30 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 β ,6 α -trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)-undecanoic acid,

35

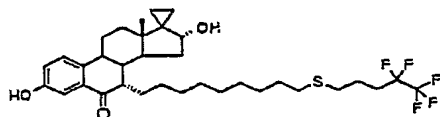


- 5 11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 β ,6 α -trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-nonafluoro-n-heptyl)-undecanoic acid,

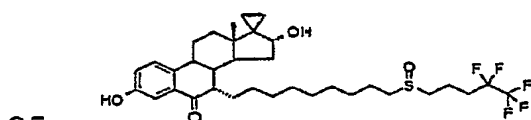


- 10 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6-keto-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

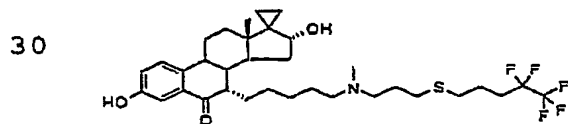
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- 20 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6-keto-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

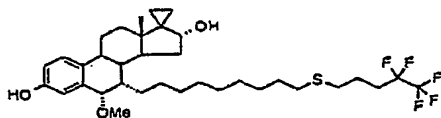


- 25 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6-keto-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

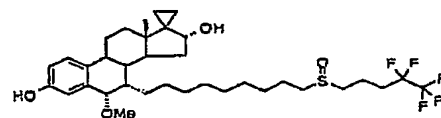


- 30 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6 α -methoxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

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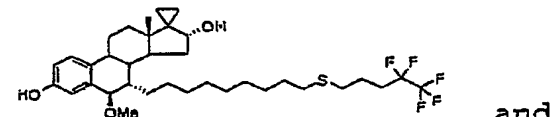


- 5 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6 α -methoxy-7 α -[9-
[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-
1,3,5(10)-triene,

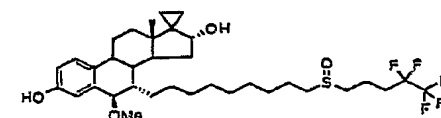


- 10 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6 β -methoxy-7 α -[9-
(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-
1,3,5(10)-triene,

15



- 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6 β -methoxy-7 α -[9-
20 [(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-
1,3,5(10)-triene



25

In a second aspect the present invention relates to a new compound as described above for use as a medica-
ment.

30 In a third aspect the present invention relates to the use of a new compound as described above for the ma-
nufacturing of a medicament for the treatment of an est-
rogen related disorder or condition that benefits from
antiestrogen treatment.

35 In one preferred embodiment the estrogen related disorder or condition is chosen from the group comprising
estrogen dependent breast cancer, anovulatory inferti-
lity, menstrual disorders, male pattern baldness, dys-

functional uterine bleeding, endometrial polyps, benign breast disease, uterine leiomyomas, adenomyosis, ovarian cancer, endometrial cancer, melanoma, prostate cancer, cancers of the colon, CNS cancers, endometriosis, polycystic ovary syndrome, infertility and contraception in males.

In another preferred embodiment the estrogen related disorder is estrogen dependent breast cancer.

In a forth aspect the present invention relates to a pharmaceutical composition comprising a new compound as described above admixed with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients or carriers.

In one preferred embodiment the excipients are chosen from the group comprising filling agents, lubricants, flavours, colourings, sweetenings, buffers, acidifying agents, diluents and preservatives.

In another preferred embodiment the pharmaceutical composition is administered orally, intramuscularly, intravenously, intraperitoneally or subcutaneously, via implants, rectally, intranasally, transdermally, or vaginally, preferably orally, transdermally or intranasally.

In a fifth aspect the present invention relates to a method of treatment comprising administration of a pharmaceutically effective amount of a new compound as described above or a pharmaceutical composition as described above to a subject suffering from an estrogen dependent disorder or condition.

In one embodiment the estrogen dependent disorder or condition to be treated is chosen from the group comprising estrogen dependent breast cancer, anovulatory infertility, menstrual disorders, male pattern baldness, dysfunctional uterine bleeding, endometrial polyps, benign breast disease, uterine leiomyomas, adenomyosis, ovarian cancer, endometrial cancer, melanoma, prostate cancer, cancers of the colon, CNS cancers, endometriosis,

polycystic ovary syndrome, infertility and contraception in males.

In another preferred embodiment the estrogen dependent disorder is estrogen dependent breast cancer.

5 The compounds of the present invention may be given in doses about 0.1-1000 mg/day, preferably in doses about 1-100 mg/day. The compounds of the present invention may be administered orally, by injections, e.g. intramuscular, intravenous, intraperitoneal, or subcutaneous, via
10 implants, rectally, intranasally, transdermally, vaginally or by any other route suitable to deliver an therapeutically active amount of the compound.

 The pharmaceutical composition of the present invention comprises a pharmaceutically effective dose of at
15 least one of the compounds according to the present invention, preferably in admixture with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, diluents or carriers. The amount administered will vary depending on various factors, e g age, sex, weight, which disorder or condi-
20 tion that is treated and the compound used. Both local and systemic administration is possible.

 With "pharmaceutically acceptable" is meant that the excipients, diluents or carriers must be compatible with the other ingredients of the formulation, and not dele-
25 terious to the recipient thereof.

 The pharmaceutical composition can be prepared according to any of the methods well known by a person skilled in the art of pharmacy. Such methods may include the step of bringing the novel compounds of the present
30 invention in contact with liquid carriers, solid matrices, semi-solid carriers, finely divided solid carriers or combinations thereof, and then, if necessary, introducing or shaping the product into the desired delivery system.

35 One or more suitable unit dosage forms comprising a pharmaceutically effective dose of at least one of the compounds according to the present invention, optionally

formulated for sustained release, can be administered by a variety of routes e. g. orally, intramuscularly, intravenously, intraperitoneally or subcutaneously, via implants, rectally, intranasally, transdermally, or vaginally. Preferably, the novel compounds according to the invention are administered orally, transdermally or intranasally.

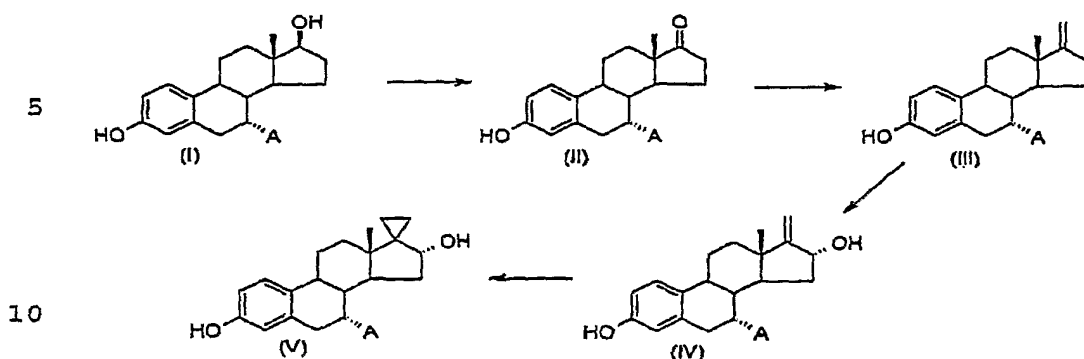
Embodiments of the present invention

The present invention will now be described in more detail by the following examples, which are included in order to disclose some embodiments of the invention, but not in any way to limit the scope of the invention.

In the description of the preparative methods, the manipulation of protecting groups is not included. It is obvious for the person skilled in the art that some functional groups, e.g. hydroxy groups, need to be protected, e.g. as acetals, ethers, or silyl ethers, during the synthetic steps.

The novel steroidal anti-estrogens according to the invention can be prepared from 7α -substituted estradiol or estrone derivatives by methods described in the literature (Scheme 1, WO9708188).

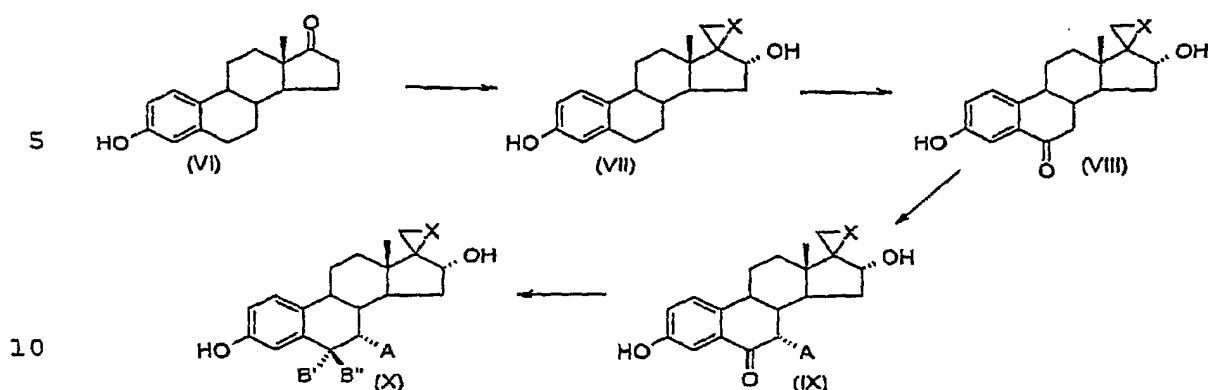
The 7α -substituted estradiol or estrone derivatives can be prepared by nucleophilic addition to steroidal 6 -en derivatives or by alkylating 6 -keto-estra- $1,3,5(10)$ -triene derivatives with electrophilic reagents (ref 6). 6 -Keto-derivatives can be prepared by oxidation methods described in the literature, e.g. the 2 step procedure using H_2O_2 and PCC as oxidizing agents (ref 6).



Scheme 1

Thus, the 7α-substituted estradiol derivative (I) may be oxidized to the estrone derivative (II) by known methods, e.g. by pyridinium chlorochromate (PCC) or tetrapropylammonium perruthenate/N-methylmorpholine N-oxide (TPAP/NMNO) in inert solvents like CH_2Cl_2 . The estrone derivative (II) may be reacted with a Wittig-type reagent, like Ph_3PCH_2 , preferably in DMSO or toluene as solvent, to give the exo-methylene derivative (III). Allylic oxidation of (III) by SeO_2 then stereoselectively gives the 17-methylene-16α-hydroxy derivative (IV). This can also be prepared from 16α-hydroxy-17-one derivatives by Wittig-type reactions, e.g. using the Tebbe reagent. Cyclopropanation of (IV) to give the 17-(1',2'-ethylene)-16α-hydroxy derivative (V) may be accomplished by Simmons-Smith like reagents, e.g. by $\text{CH}_2\text{I}_2/\text{ZnEt}_2$ in CH_2Cl_2 .

Alternatively, the manipulation of the D-ring can be done prior to the introduction of the 7α-side chain (Scheme 2) using the same methods as described above.



Scheme 2

15 The 17-alkylene-16 α -hydroxy derivative (VII) can be
 oxidized to give the 6-keto derivative (VIII), which may
 be 7 α -alkylated to give (IX), e.g. by reacting the eno-
 late of (VIII) with alkyl iodides in an inert solvent.
 Further transformations of (IX) into 6 α - or 6 β -derivati-
 20 ves may be accomplished by methods known to a person
 skilled in the art. Thus (IX) can be subjected to reduc-
 tion methods, e.g. by hydride reagents, to give the 6 α -
 hydroxy derivative (B' = -OH) or the methylene derivative
 (B', B'' = H, H). The 6 α -hydroxy derivative (B' = -OH) may
 25 be epimerized by Mitsunobu-reactions to give 6 β -hydroxy
 derivatives. The 6 α -hydroxy derivative can also be trans-
 formed into 6-halo derivatives, e. g. by thionyl chloride
 or by the DAST reagent, or reduced to the methylene deri-
 vative by, e.g. hydride reagents like Et₃SiH or Bu₃SnH
 30 under acidic or radical-initiated conditions. The 6-halo
 derivatives can be reacted with nucleophiles, e.g. hyd-
 ride reagents like LiEt₃BH to give the methylene deriva-
 tive or with alcohols to give 6-alkoxy derivatives.
 In the preparative examples column chromatography
 35 separations were performed using Merck SiO₂ 60 (0.040-
 0.063 mm) silica gel. TLC analyses were performed on
 Merck SiO₂ 60 F254 precoated aluminium sheets and the

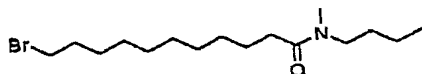
spots were visualized by charring with 10% aqueous H_2SO_4 . Microwave-assisted reactions were performed in sealed tubes using a PersonalChemistry Smith Synthesizer. MS spectra were recorded with a ThermoFinnigan LCQ. NMR spectra were recorded with a Bruker ARX 400 (400 MHz) with TMS as internal standard.

Preparation of starting materials (SM)

SM1

11-Iodo-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide

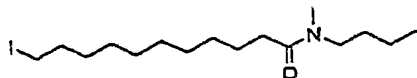
10 a. 11-Bromo-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide



15 n-Butylmethylamine (1.31 g, 15.0 mmol) was added to a solution of 11-bromo-undecanoic acid (2.65g, 10.0 mmol), dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP, 0.10 g, 0.82 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (2.20 g, 11.5 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h, concentrated at
20 reduced pressure and purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 3:2) to give the title compound (2.75 g, 82%) as an oil.

25 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.93, 0.96 (2t, $J=7.3$ Hz, 3H), 1.38-1.68 (m, 18H), 1.44-1.63 (m, 4H), 1.86 (p, $J=7.2$, 2H), 2.29 (m, 2H), 2.91, 2.97 (2s, 3H), 3.26, 3.36 (2t, $J=7.6$ Hz, 2H) 3.41 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H).

b. 11-Iodo-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide



30 NaI (11.0 g, 73.4 mmol) was added to solution of 11-bromo-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide (15.0 g, 44.9 mmol) in acetone (150 ml) under N_2 . The solution was stirred at 60°C over night to give a slurry. Heptane (300
35 ml) was added and most of the acetone was evaporated. The slurry was filtered through a short column of silica. The silica was washed with heptane/EtOAc (1:1) and the eluate

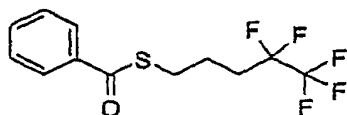
was concentrated at reduced pressure to give the title compound (17.0 g, 99%) as an oil.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.92, 0.95 (2t, J=7.3 Hz, 3H), 1.25-1.42 (m, 14H), 1.44-1.63 (m, 4H), 1.82 (p, J=7.2, 2H), 2.29 (m, 2H), 2.91, 2.96 (2s, 3H), 3.19 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.25, 3.36 (2t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H).

SM2

1-Iodo-9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentylsulfanyl)-nonane

a. Thiobenzoic acid S-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentyl) ester

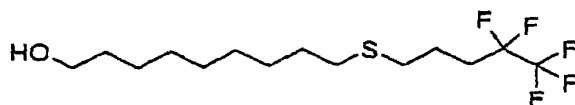


Diisopropyl azodicarboxylate (DIAD, 3.94 ml, 20.0 mmol) was added to a solution of triphenylphosphine (5.25 g, 20.0 mmol) in THF (120 ml) under N₂ at 0°C. After stirring for 30 min a solution of thiobenzoic acid (2.34 ml, 20.0 mmol) and 4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentanol (1.78 g, 10.0 mmol) in THF (60 ml) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred 0°C for 1 h and then at room temperature over night. The reaction mixture was concentrated at reduced pressure and was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 20:1) to give the title compound (2.95 g, 99%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 20:1)=0.37

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.96-2.05 (m, 2H), 2.11-2.27 (m, 2H), 3.16 (t, J=7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (t, J=7 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (t, J=7 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (t, J=7 Hz, 2H).

b. 9-(4,4,5,5,5-Pentafluoro-pentylsulfanyl)-1-nonanol



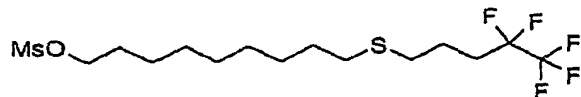
Thiobenzoic acid S-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentyl) ester (8.26 g, 27.7 mmol) was added to a solution of t-BuOK (4.49 g, 40.0 mmol) in MeOH (30 ml). After stirring

for 30 min a solution of 9-bromo-1-nonanol (6.18 g, 27.7 mmol) in MeOH (30 ml) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred over night, concentrated at reduced pressure and partitioned between Et₂O and water. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1) to give the title compound (7.70 g, 83%) as an oil which crystallized on standing.

10 R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1)=0.24

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.28-1.42 (m, 10H), 1.53-1.62 (m, 4H), 1.89 (m, 2H), 2.18 (m, 2H), 2.51 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.59 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.64 (t, J=6.6 Hz, 2H).

c. Methanesulfonic acid 9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentylsulfanyl)-nonyl ester

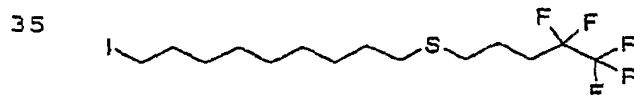


20 Methanesulphonic acid anhydride (4.35 g, 25.0 mmol) was added to a solution of 9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoropentylsulfanyl)-1-nonanol (7.70 g, 22.9 mmol) and EtNiPr₂ (4.28 ml, 25.0 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (50 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h, concentrated at reduced pressure and purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1) to give the title compound (9.42 g, 99%) as an oil which crystallized on standing.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1)=0.28

30 ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.25-1.45 (m, 10H), 1.53-1.62 (m, 2H), 1.75 (m, 2H), 1.88 (m, 2H), 2.17 (m, 2H), 2.51 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.59 (t, J=7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.00 (s, 3H), 4.22 (t, J=6.6 Hz, 2H).

d. 1-Iodo-9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentylsulfanyl)-nonane



Prepared as described for SM1-b using methanesulfonic acid 9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentylsulfanyl)-nonyl ester (8.48 g, 20.5 mmol) as starting material to give the title compound (8.93 g, 98%) as an oil.

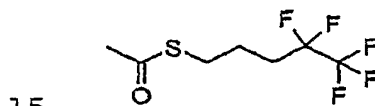
5 R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1)=0.72

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 1.25-1.43 (m, 10H), 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.77-1.92 (m, 4H), 2.17 (m, 2H), 2.51 (t, $J=7.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.59 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.19 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H).

SM3

10 1-Methylamino-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentylsulfanyl)-propane

a. Thioacetic acid S-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentyl) ester

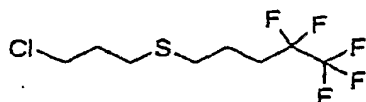


Prepared as described for SM2-a using thioacetic acid (18.2 g, 239 mmol) and 4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentanol (21.3 g, 120 mmol) as starting materials. The crude product was purified by distillation (b.p. 68°C/20 mmHg,

20 19.9 g, 70%).

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 1.89 (m, 2H), 2.10 (m, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.95 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H).

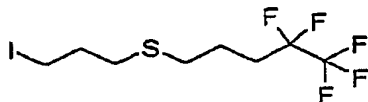
25 b. 1-Chloro-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentylsulfanyl)-propane



30 Prepared as described for SM2-b using thioacetic acid S-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentyl) ester (15.0 g, 63.5 mmol) and 1-chloro-3-iodopropane (19.5 g, 95.3 mmol) as starting materials. The crude product (17.8 g) was used in the next step.

35 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 1.90 (m, 2H), 2.04 (m, 2H), 2.18 (m, 2H), 2.61 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.68 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.66 (t, $J=6.3$ Hz, 2H).

c. 1-Iodo-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentylsulfanyl)-propane



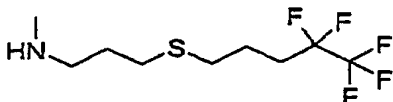
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Prepared as described for SM1-b using 1-chloro-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentylsulfanyl)-propane (17.8 g, 65.8 mmol) and NaI (14.8 g, 98.6 mmol) as starting materials to give the title compound (20.0 g, 84%).

10 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 1.90 (m, 2H), 2.07 (m, 2H), 2.18 (m, 2H), 2.61 (t, $J=7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.63 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.29 (t, $J=6.7$ Hz, 2H).

d. 1-Methylamino-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentylsulfanyl)-propane

15



1-Iodo-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentylsulfanyl)-propane (20.0 g, 55.2 mmol) was added to a solution of MeNH_2 (90 mL, aq. 40%) and MeCN (400 mL). The solution was stirred at 90°C over night and was then concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was partitioned between CH_2Cl_2 and NaHCO_3 (sat.). The aqueous phase was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 and the combined organic phases were dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated at reduced pressure to give the title compound (13.0 g, 89%) as an oil.

20

25

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 1.77 (m, 2H), 1.89 (m, 2H), 2.17 (m, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 2.58 (t, $J=7.3$ Hz, 2H), 2.60 (t, $J=7.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.68 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H).

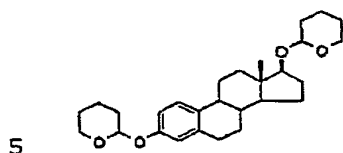
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SM4

11-(3,17 β -Dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide (ICI 164.384)

a. 3,17 β -Di(tetrahydropyranyloxy)-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

35

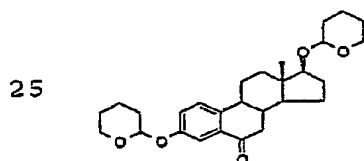


2,3-Dihydropyran (30 ml, 328 mmol) was added to a solution of 3,17β-dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (20.0 g, 73.5 mmol) and p-TSA (0.2 g) in CH₂Cl₂ (200 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. EtN(iPr)₂ (0.5 ml) was added and the reaction mixture was concentrated at reduced pressure and purified on column chromatography (heptane-CH₂Cl₂, 1:1 then CH₂Cl₂) to give the title compound (32.3 g, 100%) as an oil, which crystallized on standing.

15 R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:1)=0.79

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.80, 0.82 (2s, 3H), 2.83 (m, 2H), 3.49 (m, 1H), 3.59 (m, 1H), 3.71, 3.72 (2t, J=8 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (m, 2H), 4.65, 4.67 (2m, 1H), 5.38 (broad s, 1H), 6.78 (d, J=2 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2 Hz, 1H), 7.18, 7.20 (2d, J=8.6 Hz, 2 Hz, 1H).

b. 3,17β-Di(tetrahydropyranyloxy)-6-keto-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene



HN(iPr)₂ (17.3 ml, 123 mmol) was added to a solution of n-BuLi (56.0 ml, 2.2 M in hexanes, 123 mmol) in THF (170 ml) under N₂ at -20°C. The temperature was lowered to -78°C and a solution of t-BuOK (13.8 g, 123 mmol) in THF (125 ml) was added. After stirring for 10 min a solution of 3,17β-di(tetrahydropyranyloxy)-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (13.6 g, 30.9 mmol) in THF (70 ml) was added dropwise under 15 min. The reaction mixture was stirred at -78°C for 3 h. B(OMe)₃ (45.0 ml, 396 mmol) was added dropwise and the reaction mixture was then stirred at 0°C for

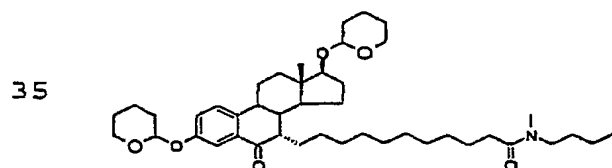
1.5 h. H_2O_2 (85 ml, aq 30%) was added to give first a turbid reaction mixture then a white precipitated gum (bores, mechanical stirrer or big magnetic stirring bar recommended). After stirring for 1 h at room temperature, the reaction mixture was cooled to 0°C and aq. $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ (100 ml, 1.0 M) was added in portions. After stirring for 20 min the reaction mixture was partitioned between EtOAc and water. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated at reduced pressure to give the 6-hydroxy derivative (14.8 g, quant., R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:1)=0.58, contained 15-20% starting material by NMR).

The 6-hydroxy derivative (14.7 g) was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (150 ml) and pyridinium chlorochromate (PCC, 14.7 g, 68 mmol) was added at 0°C under N_2 in portions for 15 min. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0°C for 15 min, then at room temperature for 1.5 h. Et_2O (150 ml) was added and after 5 min stirring, the slurry was filtered through silica. The filtrate was concentrated at reduced pressure and purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 5:1) to give the title compound (7.50 g, 51 %) as a syrup.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1)=0.38

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.81, 0.82 (2s, 3H), 2.20 (m, 1H), 2.35 (m, 1H), 2.47 (m, 1H), 2.73 (dd, $J=16.9, 3.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.50 (m, 1H), 3.60 (m, 1H), 3.72, 3.75 (2t, $J=8.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.90 (m, 2H), 4.64, 4.68 (2m, 1H), 5.47 (m, 1H), 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.34 (m, 1H), 7.71, 7.72 (2d, $J=2.7$ Hz, 1H).

c. 11-(3,17 β -Di(tetrahydropyranyloxy)-6-keto-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methylamide

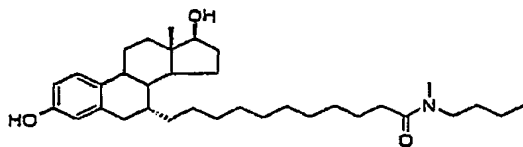


t-BuOK (2.04 g, 18.2 mmol) was added to a solution of 3,17 β -di(tetrahydropyranyloxy)-6-keto-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (7.50 g, 16.5 mmol) in dimethoxyethane (75 ml) under N₂. After 10 min stirring BEt₃ (20.0 ml, 1.0 M in THF, 20.0 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h. A solution of 11-iodo-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide (6.48 g, 17.0 mmol) in dimethoxyethane (10 ml) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h and then a second batch of t-BuOK (2.04 g, 18.2 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred over night and was then partitioned between Et₂O and water. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1 then 2:1) to give the title compound (6.87 g, 59%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1)=0.29

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.80, 0.82 (2s, 3H), 0.92, 0.95 (2t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H), 2.28 (m, 2H), 2.35 (m, 1H), 2.44 (m, 1H), 2.70 (m, 1H), 2.90, 2.96 (2s, 3H), 3.25, 3.26 (2t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 3.49 (m, 1H), 3.61 (m, 1H), 3.74, 3.77 (2t, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (m, 2H), 4.65, 4.68 (m, 1H), 5.46 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31, 7.32 (2d, J=8.6, 1H), 7.69 (broad s, 1H).

d. 11-(3,17 β -Dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide (ICI 164.384)



BF₃·OEt₂ (195 ml) was added dropwise to a solution of 11-(3,17 β -di(tetrahydropyranyloxy)-6-keto-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide (6.87 g, 9.70 mmol) and HSiEt₃ (97 ml) in CH₂Cl₂ (500 ml) at 0°C under N₂. The reaction mixture was stirred over night at room temperature and was then slowly poored into aq. K₂CO₃ (1000 ml, 1.0 M) at 0°C. Et₂O (500 ml) was

added and after stirring for 30 min the organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 1:1) to give the title compound (3.91 g, 77%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:1)=0.21

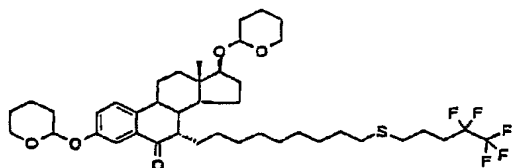
^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.78 (s, 3H), 0.92, 0.95 (2t, $J=7.3$ Hz, 3H), 1.90 (bd, $J=12$ Hz, 1H), 2.07-2.18 (m, 1H), 2.25-2.30 (m, 4H), 2.76 (d, $J=16.8$, 1H), 2.85 (dd, $J=16.8$, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.93, 2.98 (2s, 3H), 3.26 (t, $J=7.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.38 (m, 1H), 3.75 (broad t, $J=7.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.41, 6.47 (2 bs, 1H), 6.59 (d, $J=2.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.65 (dd, $J=8.5$, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, $J=8.5$ Hz, 1H).

SM5

15 3,17 β -Dihydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

a. 3,17 β -Di(tetrahydropyranyloxy-6-keto-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

20

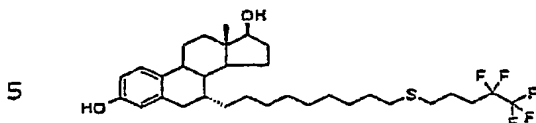


Prepared as described for SM4-c using 3,17 β -di(tetrahydropyranyloxy)-6-keto-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (4.79 g, 10.5 mmol) and 1-iodo-9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentyl-sulfanyl)-nonane (4.91 g, 11.0 mmol) as starting materials. The crude product was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 10:1) to give the title compound (3.8 g, 49%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:1)=0.77

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.80, 0.82 (2s, 3H), 2.35 (m, 1H), 2.44 (m, 1H), 2.49 (t, $J=7.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.70 (m, 1H), 3.50 (m, 1H), 3.61 (m, 1H), 3.74, 3.77 (2t, $J=8$ Hz, 1H), 3.90 (m, 2H), 4.65, 4.68 (2m, 1H), 5.46 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, $J=8.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.31, 7.32 (2d, $J=8.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.69 (broad s, 1H).

b. 3,17 β -Dihydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene



Prepared as described for SM4-d using 3,17 β -di(tetrahydropyranyloxy-6-keto-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (3.67 g, 4.75 mmol) as starting material. The crude product was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1) to give the title compound (1.97 g, 70%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1)=0.32

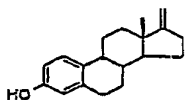
15 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.78 (s, 3H), 1.73 (m, 1H), 1.84-1.94 (m, 3H), 2.07-2.24 (m, 3H), 2.25-2.34 (m, 2H), 2.50 (t, $J=7.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.71 (d, $J=16.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.86 (dd, $J=16.8, 5.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.75 (t, $J=8.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.68 (broad s, 1H), 6.54 (d, $J=2.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.62 (dd, $J=8.4, 2.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H).

SM6

16 α -(Dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

a. 3-Hydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

25

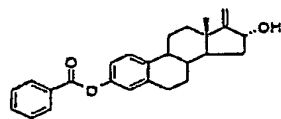


t-BuOK (31.4 g, 280 mmol) was added to a slurry of $\text{Ph}_3\text{PCH}_2\text{Br}$ (100 g, 280 mmol) in dry toluene (350 ml) under N_2 . The temperature was raised to 100°C and the solution was stirred for 30 min. Estrone (25.0 g, 92.5 mmol) was then added in portions and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min. After cooling, acetone (30 ml) was added, the reaction mixture was stirred for 20 min and was then filtered through silica gel. The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1) to give the title compound (24.1 g, 97%) as white crystals.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1)=0.55

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.83 (s, 3H), 1.26 (m, 1H), 1.33-1.61 (m, 5H), 1.82 (m, 1H), 1.90-2.00 (m, 2H), 2.21 (td, J=11, 4 Hz, 1H), 2.25-2.40 (m, 2H), 2.55 (m, 1H), 2.78-2.92 (m, 2H), 4.54 (s, 1H), 4.69 (m, 2H), 6.57 (d, J=2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (dd, J=8.4, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H).

b. 3,16α-Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-benzoate

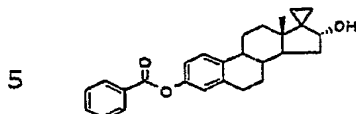


A solution of 3-hydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (21.8 g, 81.2 mmol), SeO₂ (300 mg, 2.70 mmol) and t-butylhydroperoxide (150 ml, 150 mmol, 1.0 M in toluene) was stirred over night. The product precipitated from the solution. Heptane (150 ml) was added and the slurry was stirred for 5 min. The precipitate (ca 20 g) was collected by filtration and was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (500 ml). NaOH (aq., 500 ml, 1.0 M) and benzoylchloride (20.0 ml, 172 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was vigorously stirred over night. The organic phase was dried (Na₂SO₄), concentrated at reduced pressure and purified on column chromatography (CH₂Cl₂-EtOAc, 20:1) to give the title compound (16.5 g, 52%) as white crystals.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:1)=0.38

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.84 (s, 3H), 1.41-1.67 (m, 6H), 1.80-2.02 (m, 3H), 2.29-2.45 (m, 2H), 2.85-2.98 (m, 2H), 4.72 (broad s, 1H), 4.94 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 5.09 (d, J=1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J=2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (dd, J=8.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (tt, J=7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (dd, J=7.5, 1.3 Hz, 2H).

c. 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-benzoate

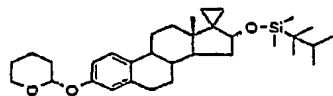


CH₂I₂ (53.6 g, 200 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of ZnEt₂ (100 ml, 1.0 M in heptane, 100 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (250 ml) under N₂ at -10°C. The reaction mixture
10 was stirred for 10 min at -10°C and then a solution of 3,16 α -dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-benzoate (19.4 g, 50.0 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (125 ml) was slowly added dropwise.

The cooling bath was removed and the reaction
15 mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 3 h and then partitioned between Et₂O (500 ml) and aq. HCl (400 ml, 0.5 M). The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc and
20 precipitated with heptane and collected by filtration to give the title compound (18.6 g, 92%) as yellow crystals. R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1)=0.29

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.42-0.60 (m, 3H), 0.70-0.76 (m, 1H), 0.84 (s, 3H), 2.27-2.36 (m, 2H), 2.85-2.98 (m, 2H), 4.20
25 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.19 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 2H).

d. 16 α -(Dimethylhexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene
30



35 Dimethylhexylchlorosilane (2.75 g, 15.4 mmol) was added to a solution of imidazole (2.19 g, 32.2 mmol) and 17-(1,2-ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

3-O-benzoate (5.18 g, 12.9 mmol) in DMF (10 ml) and CH_2Cl_2 (10 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred over night and was then partitioned between Et_2O and water. The organic phase was washed with aq. HCl (0.5 M), water and brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated at reduced pressure to give the crude 16 α -O-silylether (7.22g).

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 10:1)=0.46

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.28-0.39 (m, 2H), 0.45-0.51 (m, 1H), 0.8 (m, 1H), 4.30 (d, $J=8.3$ Hz, 1H).

10 The crude 16 α -O-silylether (7.22g) was dissolved in THF (70 ml) and MeOH (30 ml). NaOH (aq., 30 ml, 1.0 M) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h. The reaction mixture was partitioned between Et_2O and water. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 10:1) to give the free phenol (5.88g) contaminated by ca 4% methylbenzoate.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1)=0.52

20 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.01, 0.07 (2s, 6H), 0.32 (m, 2H), 0.46 (m, 1H), 0.77 (m, 1H), 0.82 (s, 3H), 0.82 (s, 6H), 0.87, 0.88 (2d, $J=6.9$ Hz, 6H), 2.18-2.28 (m, 2H), 2.75-2.88 (m, 2H), 4.29 (d, $J=7.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.57 (s, 1H), 6.55 (d, $J=2.7$ Hz, 1H), 6.61 (dd, $J=8.4$, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H).

25 The free phenol (5.88g) was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (20 ml). 2,3-Dihydropyran (2.0 ml, 21.9 mmol) and p-TSA (20 mg) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min. $\text{EtN}(\text{iPr})_2$ (0.1 ml) was added and the reaction mixture was concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 50:1) to give the title compound (6.65 g, 98%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 10:1)=0.45

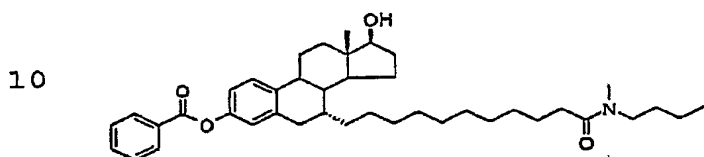
35 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.01, 0.07 (2s, 6H), 0.31 (m, 2H), 0.46 (m, 1H), 0.77 (m, 1H), 0.81 (s, 3H), 0.82 (s, 6H), 0.86, 0.88 (2s, 6H), 2.24 (m, 2H), 2.4 (m, 2H), 3.58 (m, 1H),

3.92 (m, 1H), 4.29 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (s, 1H), 6.78 (s, 1H), 6.83 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H).

Example 1

11-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide

a. 11-(3,17 β -Dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide 3-O-benzoate

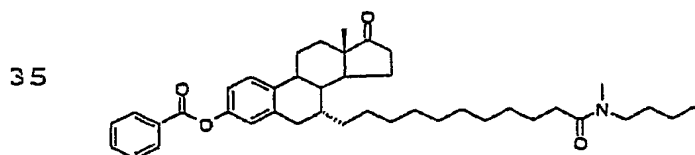


Benzoyl chloride (500 μ L, 4.30 mmol) was added to a solution of 11-(3,17 β -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide (1.13 g, 2.15 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (20 ml) and NaOH (10 ml, 1.0 M aq.). The reaction mixture was stirred over night and then partitioned between Et_2O and water. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated at reduced pressure to give the title compound (1.36 g, quant.) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:1)=0.18

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.80 (s, 3H), 0.92, 0.95 (2t, J=7.3 Hz, 3H), 1.77 (m, 1H), 1.93 (m, 1H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 2.28 (m, 2H), 2.33-2.43 (m, 2H), 2.79 (d, J=17.0 Hz, 1H), 2.89-2.98 (m, 1H), 2.90, 2.95 (2s, 3H), 3.24, 3.35 (2t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 3.77 (broad t, J=8 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (dd, J=8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, J=8, 2H), 7.63 (t, J=8, 1H), 8.19 (d, J=8, 2H).

b. 11-(3-Hydroxy-17-keto-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide 3-O-benzoate

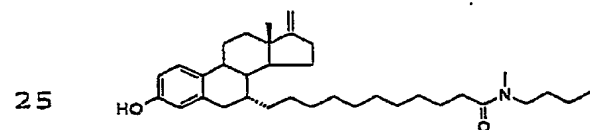


Pyridinium chlorochromate (PCC, 1.00 g, 4.64 mmol) was added in portions to a solution of 11-(3,17 β -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide 3-O-benzoate (1.36 g, 2.16 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15.0 ml) at 0°C under N₂. The cooling bath was removed and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. Et₂O (100 ml) was added and after 10 min stirring, the slurry was purified on column chromatography (Et₂O) to give the title compound (1.22 g, 90%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:1)=0.36

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.92, 0.95 (2t, J=7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.92 (s, 3H), 1.81 (dt, J=2.4, 11 Hz, 1H), 1.87-2.02 (m, 3H), 2.18 (dt, J=19, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (m, 2H), 2.40-2.51 (m, 3H), 2.85 (d, J=16.9 Hz, 1H), 2.90, 2.95 (2s, 3H), 2.94-3.02 (m, 1H), 3.24, 3.35 (2t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (dd, J=8.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, J=7.5, 2H), 7.63 (t, J=7.5, 1H), 8.19 (d, J=7.5, 2H).

c. 11-(3-Hydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide



t-BuOK (112 mg, 1.00 mmol) was added to a solution of Ph₃PCH₂Br (357 mg, 1.00 mmol) in dry DMSO (1.0 ml) under N₂. The temperature was raised to 120°C and a solution of 11-(3-hydroxy-17-keto-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide 3-O-benzoate (207 mg, 0.330 mmol) in dry DMSO (0.5 ml) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min, cooled and partitioned between Et₂O and water. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on

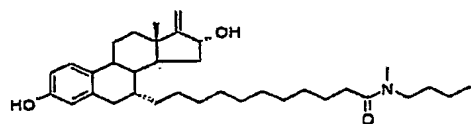
column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1) to give the title compound (157 mg, 76%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1)=0.20

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.82 (s, 3H), 0.92, 0.95 (2t, $J=7.3$ Hz, 3H), 1.92 (bd, $J=11.9$ Hz, 1H), 2.25-2.40 (m, 5H), 2.42-2.59 (m, 1H), 2.71 (d, $J=16.7$ Hz, 1H), 2.87 (dd, $J=16.7$, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.93, 2.98 (2s, 3H), 3.26 (t, $J=7.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.38 (m, 1H), 4.67 (broad s, 2H), 6.53, 6.58 (2 broad s, 1H), 6.60 (d, $J=2.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.66 (dd, $J=8.4$, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H).

d. 11-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide

15



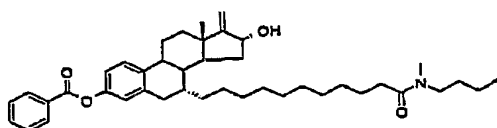
A mixture of 11-(3-hydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide (232 mg, 0.445 mmol), SeO_2 (15 mg, 0.14 mmol) and t-butylhydroperoxide (1.00 ml, 1.00 mmol, 1.0 M in toluene) was stirred for 4 h. The reaction mixture was then partitioned between Et_2O (30 ml) and aq. FeSO_4 (0.5 M, 5 ml). The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1) to give the title compound (127 mg, 53%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:1)=0.38

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.83 (s, 3H), 0.92, 0.95 (2t, $J=7.3$ Hz, 3H), 2.27-2.42 (m, 4H), 2.72 (d, $J=16.7$ Hz, 1H), 2.86 (dd, $J=16.7$, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.93, 2.98 (2s, 3H), 3.26 (t, $J=7.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.38 (m, 1H), 4.72 (broad t, 1H), 4.91 (d, $J=2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.08 (d, $J=1.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.61 (d, $J=2.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.66 (dd, $J=8.3$, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.71, 6.75 (2 bs, 1H), 7.13 (d, $J=8.3$ Hz, 1H).

Example 2

11-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide 3-O-benzoate



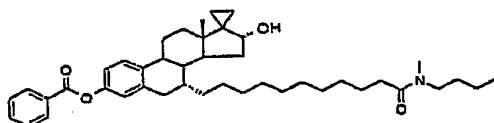
Benzoyl chloride (100 μ L, 0.861 mmol) was added to a solution of 11-(3,16 α -dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide (106 mg, 0.20 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (1.0 ml) and NaOH (1.0 ml, 1.0 M aq.). The reaction mixture was stirred for 9 h and then partitioned between Et_2O and water. The organic phase was dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 1:1) to give the title compound (124 mg, 98%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:1)=0.42.

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.84 (s, 3H), 0.92, 0.95 (2t, J =7.3 Hz, 3H), 2.28 (m, 2H), 2.40-2.52 (m, 2H), 2.81 (d, J =16.7 Hz, 1H), 2.90, 2.96 (2s, 3H), 2.95 (dd, J =16.7, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 3.24, 3.35 (2t, J =7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.74 (broad d, J =6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (d, J =1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (d, J =1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J =2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (dd, J =8.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J =8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (t, J =7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (t, J =7.4 Hz, 1H), 8.19 (d, J =7.4 Hz, 2H).

Example 3

11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide 3-O-benzoate



ZnEt_2 (1.0 ml, 1.0 M in heptane, 1.0 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of CH_2I_2 (340 mg, 1.27 mmol) in

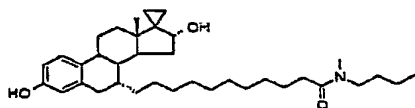
CH₂Cl₂ (2.5 ml) under N₂ at -10°C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 10 min at -10°C and then a solution of 11-(3,16α-dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide 3-O-benzoate (124 mg, 0.193 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 ml) was added. The cooling bath was removed and the reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 5 h and then partitioned between Et₂O (10 ml) and aq. HCl (3 ml, 1.0 M). The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1, 1:1) to give the title compound (84 mg, 66%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:1)=0.50

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.46-0.52 (m, 2H), 0.54-0.61 (m, 1H), 0.73-0.79 (m, 1H), 0.84 (s, 3H), 0.92, 0.95 (2t, J=7.3 Hz, 3H), 2.24-2.37 (m, 3H), 2.41-2.50 (m, 1H), 2.80 (d, J=16.6 Hz, 1H), 2.90, 2.95 (2s, 3H), 2.91-2.98 (m, 1H), 3.24, 3.35 (2t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 4.22 (broad s, 1H), 6.93 (d, J=2 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (dd, J=8.6, 2 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 1H), 8.19 (d, J=7.4 Hz, 2H).

Example 4

11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16α-dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide



LiOH (1.0 ml, 1.0 M in 50% aq. MeOH, 1.0 mmol) was added to a solution of 11-(17-(1,2-ethylene)-3,16α-dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7α-yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide 3-O-benzoate (84 mg, 0.128 mmol) in THF (2.0 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min and was then partitioned between Et₂O (10 ml) and aq. HCl (1.5 ml, 1.0 M) and brine (2 ml). The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and concen-

trated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1, 1:1) to give the title compound (70 mg, 99%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:1)=0.41

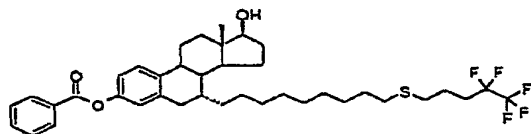
- 5 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.45-0.51 (m, 2H), 0.53-0.59 (m, 1H), 0.70-0.77 (m, 1H), 0.82 (s, 3H), 0.92, 0.95 (2t, $J=7.3$ Hz, 3H), 1.82-2.00 (m, 2H), 2.24-2.41 (m, 4H), 2.72 (d, $J=16.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.86 (dd, $J=16.6$, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 2.93, 2.98 (2s, 3H), 3.26 (t, $J=7.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.37 (m, 1H), 4.20 (broad t, $J=6$ Hz, 1H), 6.36, 6.42 (2s, 1H), 6.60 (d, $J=2.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.64 (dd, $J=8.4$, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H).

Example 5

- 15 3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl) sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

a. 3,17 β -Dihydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-benzoate

20

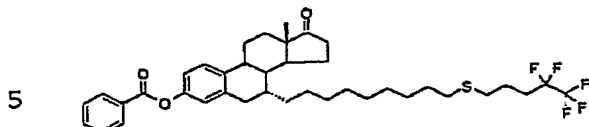


- 25 Prepared as described for Example 1-a using 3,17 β -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (250 mg, 0.423 mmol) as starting material to give the title compound (275 mg, 94%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1)=0.38

- 30 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.80 (s, 3H), 1.77 (m, 1H), 1.83-1.97 (m, 3H), 2.09-2.24 (m, 3H), 2.34-2.44 (m, 2H), 2.50 (t, $J=7.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.79 (d, $J=16.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.94 (dd, $J=16.6$, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (t, $J=8.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, $J=2.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.98 (dd, $J=8.4$, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, $J=8$ Hz, 2H), 7.63 (t, $J=8$ Hz, 1H), 8.19 (d, $J=8$ Hz, 2H).

b. 3-Hydroxy-17-keto-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-benzoate



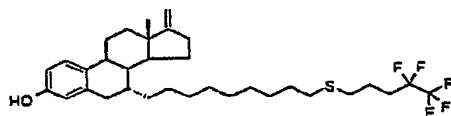
Pyridinium chlorochromate (PCC, 172 mg, 0.800 mmol) was added in portions to a solution of 3,17 β -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-benzoate (272 mg, 0.391 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.0 ml) at 0°C under N₂. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0°C for 10 min, then at room temperature for 1 h. Et₂O (10 ml) was added and after 5 min stirring, the slurry was purified on column chromatography (Et₂O) to give the title compound (229 mg, 85%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1)=0.56

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.92 (s, 3H), 2.08-2.24 (m, 3H), 2.40-2.61 (m, 7H), 2.85 (d, J=16.5 Hz, 1H), 2.98 (dd, J=16.5, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (dd, J=8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 1H), 8.19 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 2H).

c. 3-Hydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

25



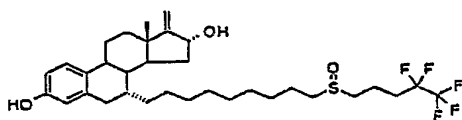
t-BuOK (862 mg, 7.68 mmol) was added to a solution of Ph₃PCH₃Br (2.74 g, 7.68 mmol) in dry DMSO (8.0 ml) under N₂. The temperature was raised to 110°C during 20 min. This solution was then added portionwise during 5 min to 3-hydroxy-17-keto-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-benzoate (532 mg, 0.768 mmol) at 110°C under N₂. The reaction mixture was stirred for another 5 min, cooled and parti-

tioned between Et₂O and water. The organic phase was washed with water acidified with 1M HCl (ca 10 ml) and brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 10:1) to give the title compound (162 mg, 36%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 5:1)=0.33

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.82 (s, 3H), 2.17 (m, 2H), 2.50 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.72 (d, J=16.9 Hz, 1H), 2.88 (dd, J=16.9, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (broad s, 2H), 6.55 (d, J=2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (dd, J=8.5, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H).

d. 3,16α-Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene



A mixture of 3-hydroxy-17-methylene-7α-[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (157 mg, 0.268 mmol), SeO₂ (5 mg, 0.045 mmol) and t-butylhydroperoxide (1.00 ml, 1.00 mmol, 1.0 M in toluene) was stirred for 30 h. The reaction mixture was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 5:1, 3:1, 2:1, 1:2, 1:3) to give the title compound (63 mg, 38%) as an oil.

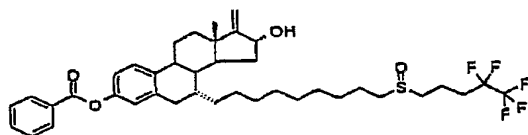
R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:3)=0.27

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.83 (s, 3H), 1.94 (broad d, J=6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.10-2.32 (m, 6H), 2.59-2.83 (m, 5H), 2.87 (dd, J=16.8, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (broad d, J=6.1 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (d, J=2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (d, J=1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.9, 6.2 (broad s, 1H), 6.57 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (m, 1H), 7.14 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H).

Example 6

3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-benzoate

5



Prepared as described for Example 1-a using 3,16 α -
 10 dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (50 mg, 0.081 mmol) as starting material. The crude product was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 1:1, 1:2) to give the title compound (33 mg, 56%) as an oil.

15 R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:3)=0.32

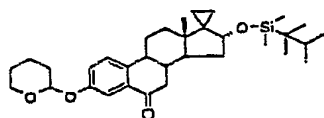
1H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ 0.84 (s, 3H), 2.10-2.32 (m, 6H), 2.37-2.52 (m, 2H), 2.60-2.77 (m, 4H), 2.80 (d, $J=16.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.96 (dd, $J=16.4$, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.73 (broad d, $J=5.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.93 (d, $J=1.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.09 (d, $J=1.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.93
 20 (d, $J=2.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.99 (dd, $J=8.6$, 2.3 Hz 1H), 7.35 (d, $J=8.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, $J=8$ Hz, 2H), 7.63 (t, $J=8$ Hz, 1H), 8.19 (d, $J=8$ Hz, 2H).

Example 7

17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6 β -methoxy-7 α -[9-
 25 (4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

a. 16 α -(Dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6-keto-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

30



Prepared as described for SM4-b using 16 α -(dime-
 thylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-3-tetrahydro-
 35 pyranxyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (6.62 g, 12.6 mmol) as starting material. The 6-hydroxy derivative (7.01 g, quant., R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 5:1)=0.15, contained 20%

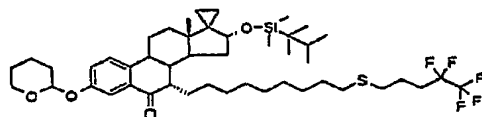
starting material by NMR). The crude 6-keto product was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 10:1) to give the title compound (4.60 g, 68 %) as a syrup.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1)=0.51

5 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.01, 0.06 (2s, 6H), 0.35 (m, 2H), 0.48 (m, 1H), 0.80 (m, 1H), 0.82 (s, 3H), 0.82 (s, 6H), 0.87, 0.88 (2d, $J=6.8$ Hz, 6H), 2.00 (m, 1H), 2.24-2.37 (m, 2H), 2.52 (m, 1H), 2.75 (dd, $J=15.8$, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (m, 1H), 3.88 (m, 1H), 4.28 (d, $J=7.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.47 (m, 1H),
10 7.22 (dd, $J=8.6$, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, $J=8.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.72, 7.72 (2d, $J=2.7$ Hz, 1H).

b. 16 α -(Dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6-keto-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

15



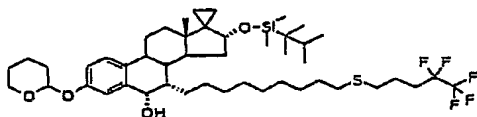
Prepared as described for SM4-c using 16 α -(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6-keto-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (4.60 g, 8.54 mmol) and 1-iodo-9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentyl)sulfanyl-nonane (4.78 g, 10.7 mmol) as starting materials. The crude product was purified on column chromatography
20 (heptane-EtOAc, 20:1) to give the title compound (4.13 g, 56%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 10:1)=0.27

25 ^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.01, 0.07 (2s, 6H), 0.36 (m, 2H), 0.49 (m, 1H), 0.80 (m, 1H), 0.81 (s, 3H), 0.83 (s, 6H), 0.88 (d, $J=6.8$ Hz, 6H), 2.17 (m, 2H), 2.34 (m, 1H), 2.44-2.50 (m, 1H), 2.49 (t, $J=7.3$ Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.75 (td, $J=10.4$, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (m, 1H), 3.91 (m, 1H), 4.23 (d, $J=7.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.46 (m, 1H), 7.20 (dd, $J=8.5$, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, $J=8.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d,
30 $J=2.4$ Hz, 1H).
35

c. 16 α -(Dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6 α -hydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

5

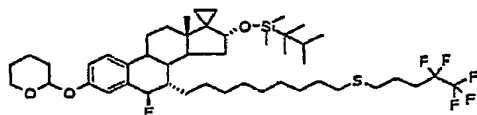


NaBH₄ (285 mg, 7.53 mmol) was added to a solution of 16 α -(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6-keto-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (2.85 g, 3.32 mmol) in MeOH (14.0 ml) and THF (7.0 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred over night and was then partitioned between Et₂O and water. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 10:1,5:1) to give the title compound (2.85 g, quant.) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 5:1)=0.18
¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.01, 0.07 (2s, 6H), 0.33 (m, 2H), 0.48 (m, 1H), 0.80 (m, 1H), 0.81 (s, 6H), 0.83 (s, 6H), 0.88, 0.88 (2d, J=6.8 Hz, 6H), 2.09-2.28 (m, 3H), 2.43 (td, J=11, 4 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.60 (m, 1H), 3.93 (m, 1H), 4.23 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (m, 1H), 5.40, 5.43 (2t, J=3 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (m, 1H), 7.16 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J=2.5 Hz, 1H).

d. 16 α -(Dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

30



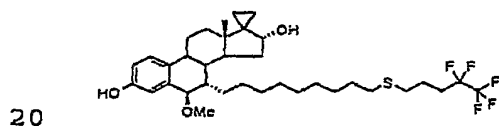
Diethylaminosulfurtrifluoride (DAST, 150 μ l, 1.13 mmol) was added to a solution of 16 α -(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6 α -hydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-

estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (780 mg, 0.908 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (5.0 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min, concentrated at reduced pressure and purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 10:1) to give the title compound (629 mg, 80%) as an oil.

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 10:1)=0.41

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.01, 0.07 (2s, 6H), 0.35 (m, 2H), 0.47 (m, 1H), 0.79 (m, 1H), 0.83 (s, 6H), 0.84 (s, 3H), 0.88, 0.88 (2d, $J=6.8$ Hz, 6H), 2.17 (m, 2H), 2.31 (m, 2H), 2.50 (t, $J=7.3$ Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.61 (m, 1H), 3.92 (m, 1H), 4.25 (d, $J=7.2$ Hz, 1H), 5.27, 5.28 (2d, $J_{\text{H,F}}=51$ Hz, 1H), 5.39, 5.42 (2t, $J=3.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.00-7.09 (m, 2H), 7.25 (d, $J=8$ Hz, 1H).

e. 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6 β -methoxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene



A solution of pyridiniumtosylate in MeOH (0.10 ml, 1.0 M) was added to a solution of 16 α -(dimethylthexyl)silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (248 mg, 0.288 mmol) in MeOH (2.0 ml) and CHCl_3 (2.0 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred for 48 h and was then partitioned between Et_2O and water. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1, 1:1) to give the title compound (95 mg, 51%).

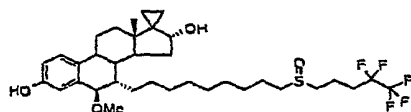
R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1)=0.10

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.46-0.60 (m, 3H), 0.73 (m, 1H), 0.86 (s, 3H), 1.67 (m, 1H), 1.83-2.05 (m, 6H), 2.09-2.32 (m, 4H), 2.50 (t, $J=7.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.59 (t, $J=7.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.44 (s, 3H), 3.98 (d, $J=1.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.23 (t, $J=7.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.78 (s, 1H), 6.70-6.74 (m, 2H), 7.16 (d, $J=8.0$ Hz, 1H).

MS-ESI $[M-H_2O+H]^+=629$

Example 8

17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6 β -methoxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-
1,3,5(10)-triene



10 A solution of $NaIO_4$ in MeOH (0.50 ml, 0.25 mmol, 0.50 M) was added to a solution of 17-(1,2-ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6 β -methoxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (79 mg, 0.122 mmol) in MeOH (3.0 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred
 15 over night, concentrated at reduced pressure and partitioned between Et_2O and water. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 1:2, 1:3) to give the tit-
 20 le compound (70 mg, 86%).

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:3)=0.20

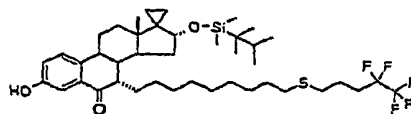
1H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ 0.45-0.59 (m, 3H), 0.73 (m, 1H), 0.85 (s, 3H), 2.11-2.32 (m, 6H), 2.59-2.84 (m, 4H), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.98 (s, 1H), 4.22 (broad t, $J=7$ Hz, 1H), 6.31, 6.51 (2s, 1H), 6.73 (m, 2H), 7.15 (m, 1H).

MS-ESI $[M-H_2O+H]^+=645$

Example 9

17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6-keto-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-
1,3,5(10)-triene

30 a. 16 α -(Dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-3-hydroxy-6-keto-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)-thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

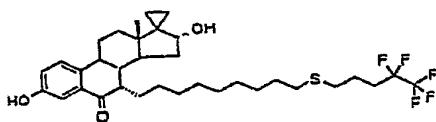


A solution of pyridiniumtosylate in MeOH (0.10 ml, 1.0 M) was added to a solution of 16 α -(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6-keto-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (160 mg, 0.187 mmol) in MeOH (2.0 ml) and THF (0.5 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred over night, concentrated at reduced pressure and purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 10:1, 5:1) to give the title compound (100 mg, 69%).

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1)=0.38

1H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ 0.01, 0.07 (2s, 6H), 0.37 (m, 2H), 0.49 (m, 1H), 0.80 (m, 1H), 0.81 (s, 3H), 0.83 (s, 6H), 0.89 (d, $J=6.9$ Hz, 6H), 1.97-2.24 (m, 4H), 2.33 (m, 1H), 2.45-2.50 (m, 1H), 2.49 (t, $J=7.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.74 (td, $J=11, 4$ Hz, 1H), 4.24 (d, $J=7.9$ Hz, 1H), 5.61 (broad s, 1H), 7.05 (dd, $J=8.6, 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, $J=8.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, $J=2.8$ Hz, 1H).

b. 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6-keto-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene



16 α -(Dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-3-hydroxy-6-keto-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (100 mg, 0.129 mmol) was dissolved in a solution of tetrabutylammoniumfluoride trihydrate in THF (0.5 ml, 1.0 M). The reaction mixture was stirred over night at 50°C and was then partitioned between Et₂O and water. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1) to give the title compound (70 mg, 86%).

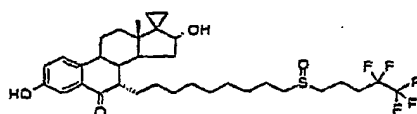
R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1)=0.35

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.47-0.62 (m, 3H), 0.78 (m, 1H), 0.82 (s, 3H), 2.02-2.24 (m, 4H), 2.35 (m, 1H), 2.46-2.52 (m, 1H), 2.49 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (m, 1H), 4.24 (t, J=6.7 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (s, 1H), 7.06 (dd, J=8.5, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J=2.9 Hz, 1H).

MS-ESI [M-H₂O+H]⁺=613

Example 10

17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16α-dihydroxy-6-keto-7α-[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene



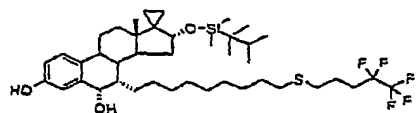
Prepared as described for Example 8 using 17-(1,2-ethylene)-3,16α-dihydroxy-6-keto-7α-[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (65 mg, 0.103 mmol) as starting material. The crude product was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 1:2, 1:3) to give the title compound (46 mg, 69%). R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:3)=0.23

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.47-0.61 (m, 3H), 0.77 (m, 1H), 0.82 (s, 3H), 2.47 (broad d, J=11 Hz, 1H), 2.62-2.93 (m, 5H), 4.23 (broad t, J=7 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (m, 1H), 7.25 (d, J=8 Hz, 1H), 7.47-7.55 (m, 2H).

MS-ESI [M-H₂O+H]⁺=629

Example 11

17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6α,16α-trihydroxy-7α-[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene
a. 1α-(Dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-3,6α-dihydroxy-7α-[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

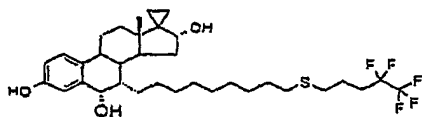


NaBH₄ (20 mg, 0.53 mmol) was added to a solution of 16 α -(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6-keto-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (181 mg, 0.211 mmol) in MeOH (1.0 ml) and THF (0.5 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min. A solution of pyridinium-tosylate in MeOH (1.0 M, 3.0 ml) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred over night and was then partitioned between Et₂O and water. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1) to give the title compound (114 mg, 70%).

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1)=0.25

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.01, 0.07 (2s, 6H), 0.34 (m, 2H), 0.47 (m, 1H), 0.80 (m, 1H), 0.82 (s, 3H), 0.83 (s, 6H), 0.88, 0.88 (2d, J=6.9 Hz, 6H), 1.79 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 1.81-1.96 (m, 4H), 1.99 (m, 1H), 2.09-2.26 (m, 3H), 2.41 (td, J=11, 4 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 4.23 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (s, 1H), 4.88 (m, 1H), 6.70 (dd, J=8.4, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, J=2.8 Hz, 1H).

b. 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,16 α -trihydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene



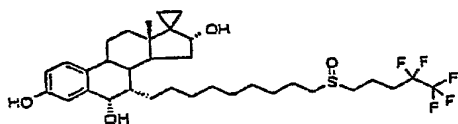
Prepared as described for Example 9-b using 16 α -(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-3,6 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (94 mg, 0.121 mmol) as starting material. The crude product was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1) to give the title compound (62 mg, 81%).

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 2:1)=0.22

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.47-0.60 (m, 3H), 0.74 (m, 1H), 0.83 (s, 3H), 1.63 (td, J=11, 2 Hz, 1H), 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.79 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.83-2.04 (m, 4H), 2.09-2.28 (m, 3H), 2.42 (td, J=11, 4 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 4.22 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (s, 1H), 4.90 (broad t, J=6.4 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (dd, J=8.3, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.2 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, J=2.7 Hz, 1H).
MS-ESI [M-H₂O+H]⁺=615

Example 12

17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6α,16α-trihydroxy-7α-[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-1,3,5(10)-triene



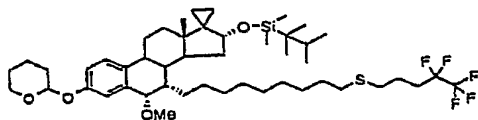
Prepared as described for Example 8 using 17-(1,2-ethylene)-3,6α,16α-trihydroxy-7α-[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (54 mg, 0.085 mmol) as starting material. The crude product was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 1:3, 1:5) to give the title compound (56 mg, quant.).
R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:3)=0.15

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.44-0.59 (m, 3H), 0.75 (m, 1H), 0.83 (s, 3H), 2.41 (broad t, J=11.5 Hz, 1H), 2.60-2.83 (m, 4H), 4.21 (broad s, 1H), 4.89 (broad t, J=6 Hz, 1H), 6.48, 6.56 (2s, 1H), 6.70 (dd, J=8.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, J=2.3 Hz, 1H).
MS-ESI [M-H₂O+H]⁺=631

Example 13

17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16α-dihydroxy-6α-methoxy-7α-[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

a. 16α-(Dimethylhexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6α-methoxy-7α-[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

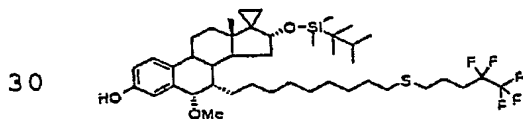


5 NaH (20 mg, 0.62 mmol) was added to a solution of 16α-(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6α-hydroxy-7α-[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (232 mg, 0.270 mmol) in THF (2.0 ml) under N₂. MeI (0.150 ml, 2.41 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 4 h, diluted with Et₂O and then filtered through silica gel. The filtrate was concentrated at reduced pressure to give the title compound (205 mg, 87%).

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1)=0.61

15 ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.01, 0.09 (2s, 6H), 0.34 (m, 2H), 0.48 (m, 1H), 0.80 (m, 1H), 0.82 (s, 3H), 0.83 (s, 6H), 0.89, 0.89 (2d, J=6.8 Hz, 6H), 2.45 (td, J=11, 4 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.56, 3.56 (2s, 3H), 3.59 (m, 1H), 3.93 (m, 1H), 4.25 (d, J=6.7 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (m, 1H), 5.36, 5.50 (2t, 3 Hz, 1H), 6.89, 6.93 (2dd, J=8.6, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H).

25 b. 16α-(Dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-3-hydroxy-6α-methoxy-7α-[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene



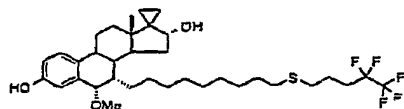
30 Pyridiniumtosylate (15 mg) was added to a solution of 16α-(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6α-methoxy-7α-[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (205 mg, 0.235 mmol) in EtOH (2.0 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred over night, concentrated at reduced pressure,

redissolved in Et₂O and then filtered through silica gel. The filtrate was concentrated at reduced pressure to give the title compound (178 mg, 96%).

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1)=0.49

- 5 ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.01, 0.08 (2s, 6H), 0.34 (m, 2H), 0.48 (m, 1H), 0.80 (m, 1H), 0.82 (s, 3H), 0.83 (s, 6H), 0.88, 0.89 (2d, J=6.8 Hz, 6H), 2.09-2.26 (m, 4H), 2.43 (broad t, J=12 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.57 (s, 3H), 4.25 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (d, J=4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 6.68 (dd, J=8.7, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, J=2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 1H).
 10 c. 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16α-dihydroxy-6α-methoxy-7α-[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

15



- Prepared as described for Example 9-b using 16α-(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-3-hydroxy-6α-methoxy-7α-[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (178 mg, 0.226 mmol) as starting material. The crude product was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 5:1, 3:1) to give the title compound (118 mg, 81%).
 20
 25

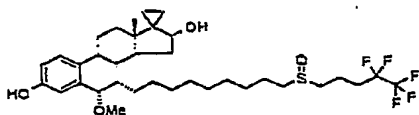
R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1)=0.29

- ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.47-0.60 (m, 3H), 0.74 (m, 1H), 0.83 (s, 3H), 2.09-2.28 (m, 4H), 2.43 (td, J=11.0, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.57 (s, 3H), 4.22 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (d, J=5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (s, 1H), 6.68 (dd, J=8.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, J=2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H).
 30

MS-ESI [M-H₂O+H]⁺=629

Example 14

- 35 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16α-dihydroxy-6α-methoxy-7α-[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene



5 Prepared as described for Example 8 using 17-(1,2-ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6 α -methoxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (110 mg, 0.170 mmol) as starting material. The crude product was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 1:2) to give the title compound (94 mg, 83%).

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:2)=0.27

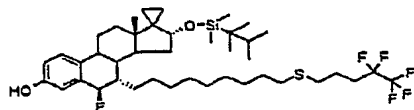
^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.46-0.60 (m, 3H), 0.74 (m, 1H), 0.83 (s, 3H), 1.87-2.04 (m, 2H), 2.11-2.32 (m, 6H), 2.42 (broad t, $J=12$ Hz, 1H), 2.60-2.83 (m, 4H), 3.55 (s, 3H), 4.21 (t, $J=7.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.36 (broad s, 1H), 5.62, 5.87 (2s, 1H), 6.68 (broad d, $J=8.5$, 1H), 7.10 (m, 2H).

MS-ESI $[\text{M}-\text{H}_2\text{O}+\text{H}]^+=645$

Example 15

20 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

a. 16 α -(Dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3-hydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)-thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene



30 A solution of 16 α -(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (380 mg, 0.441 mmol) in THF (10 ml) and H_2SO_4 (aq. 1.0 M, 1.0 ml) was stirred for 5 h and was then partitioned between Et_2O and NaHCO_3 (aq.sat.). The organic phase

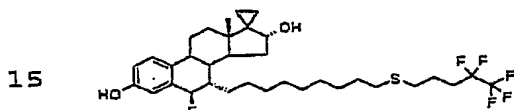
35 was washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated at

reduced pressure to give the crude title compound (390 mg).

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1)=0.42

1H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ 0.01, 0.07 (2s, 6H), 0.35 (m, 2H), 0.48 (m, 1H), 0.79 (m, 1H), 0.83 (s, 6H), 0.84 (s, 3H), 0.88, 0.88 (2d, $J=6.9$ Hz, 6H), 2.50 (t, $J=7.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.60 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.26 (d, $J=7.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.71 (s, 1H), 5.24 (dd, $J_{H,F}=51$, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.79-6.86 (m, 2H), 7.22 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H).

10 b. 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene



Prepared as described for Example 9-b using 16 α -(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3-hydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (377 mg) as starting material. The reaction mixture was stirred for 50 h. The crude product was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 5:1, 3:1) to give the title compound (120 mg, 44% in 2 steps).

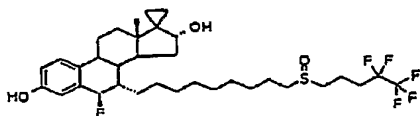
25 R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1)=0.2

1H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ 0.47-0.60 (m, 3H), 0.75 (m, 1H), 0.86 (s, 3H), 1.67 (m, 1H), 1.83-2.25 (m, 8H), 2.25-2.38 (m, 2H), 2.50 (t, $J=7.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.59 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.24 (t, $J=6.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.82 (s, 1H), 5.26 (dd, $J_{H,F}=51$, 2 Hz, 1H), 6.80-6.86 (m, 2H), 7.22 (d, $J=8.1$ Hz, 1H).

30 MS-ESI $[M-H_2O+H]^+=617$

Example 16

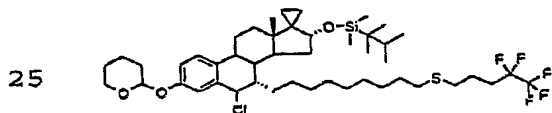
17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-
 [(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl) sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-
 1,3,5(10)-triene



- 5 Prepared as described for Example 8 using 17-(1,2-ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (71 mg, 0.112 mmol) as starting material. The crude product was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 1:2, 1:3) to give the title compound (56 mg, 77%).
- 10 R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:3)=0.28
 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ 0.47-0.60 (m, 3H), 0.74 (m, 1H), 0.86 (s, 3H), 2.59-2.85 (m, 4H), 4.23 (t, $J=6.7$ Hz, 1H), 5.26 (d, $J_{H,F}=51$ Hz, 1H), 6.32, 6.59 (2s, 1H), 6.81-6.88 (m, 2H), 7.20 (d, $J=8.5$ Hz, 1H).
- 15 MS-ESI $[M-H_2O+H]^+=633$

Example 17

- 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene
- 20 a. 6 α/β -Chloro-16 α -(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

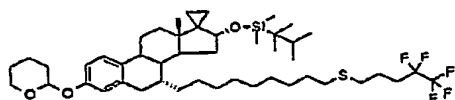


- 25 A solution of thionylchloride (59 mg, 0.50 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (0.5 ml) was added to a solution of 16 α -(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6 α -hydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (316 mg, 0.368 mmol) and $EtN(iPr)_2$ (103 μ l, 0.60 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (2.0 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min and was then partitioned between Et_2O and water. The organic phase was
- 30 washed with 0.1 M HCl (aq.), water, $NaHCO_3$ (aq., sat.) and brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated at reduced pressure to give the crude title compound (290 mg, 90%).

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 10:1)=0.35

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.01, 0.07 (2s, 6H), 0.34 (m, 2H), 0.47 (m, 1H), 0.79 (m, 1H), 0.81 (s, 3H), 0.82 (s, 6H), 0.88 (d, $J=6.8$ Hz, 6H), 2.49 (m, 2H), 2.58 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.60 (m, 1H), 3.92 (m, 1H), 4.25 (m, 1H), 5.14 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H (6-epimer)), 5.35-5.44 m, 2H (THP, 6-epimer)), 6.90-7.01, 7.13-7.21, 7.41 (3m, 3H).

b. 16 α -(Dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene



A solution of LiEt_3BH in THF (1.0 ml, 1.0 M) was added to a solution of 6 α/β -chloro-16 α -(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (290 mg, 0.330 mmol) in DME (2.0 ml) under N_2 . The temperature was raised to 85°C and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min. Another batch of LiEt_3BH in THF (1.0 ml, 1.0 M) was added and stirring was continued at 85°C over night. After cooling, the reaction mixture was partitioned between Et_2O and water. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated at reduced pressure.

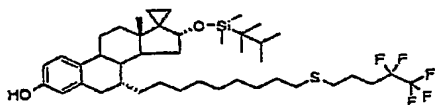
The residue was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 50:1, 20:1) to give the title compound (175 mg, 63%).

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 10:1)=0.39

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.01, 0.07 (2s, 6H), 0.34 (m, 2H), 0.47 (m, 1H), 0.78 (m, 1H), 0.80 (s, 3H), 0.83 (s, 6H), 0.88 (2d, $J=6.8$ Hz, 6H), 2.36 (broad t, $J=11.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.50 (t, $J=7.3$ Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.73, 2.74 (2d, $J=16.9$, 1H), 2.88 (m, 1H), 3.59 (m, 1H), 3.93 (m, 1H), 4.23 (d, $J=7.2$ Hz, 1H), 5.37 (m, 1H), 6.76 (d, $J=2.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.83 (m, 1H), 7.17 (d, $J=8.5$ Hz, 1H).

c. 16 α -(Dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-3-hydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

5



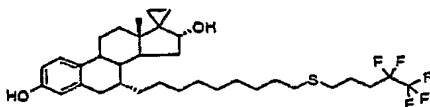
Prepared as described for Example 9-a using 16 α -(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (175 mg, 0.208 mmol) as starting material. The crude product was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 10:1, 5:1) to give the title compound (135 mg, 85%).

15 R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1)=0.50

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.01, 0.07 (2s, 6H), 0.34 (m, 2H), 0.48 (m, 1H), 0.79 (m, 1H), 0.81 (s, 3H), 0.83 (s, 6H), 0.88, 0.88 (2d, $J=6.8$ Hz, 6H), 2.35 (broad t, $J=11.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.50 (t, $J=7.3$ Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.71 (d, $J=16.7$, 1H), 2.86 (dd, $J=16.7$, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (d, $J=7.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.55 (s, 1H), 6.54 (d, $J=2.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.60 (dd, $J=8.5$, 2.4 Hz 1H), 7.14 (d, $J=8.5$ Hz, 1H).

20 d. 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

25



Prepared as described for Example 9-b using 16 α -(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-3-hydroxy-7 α -[9-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (85 mg, 0.112 mmol) as starting material. The crude product was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 5:1) to give the title compound (46 mg, 67%).

35

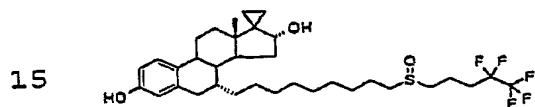
R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 3:1)=0.27

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.47-0.59 (m, 3H), 0.72 (m, 1H), 0.82 (s, 3H), 2.09-2.24 (m, 2H), 2.28 (m, 1H), 2.37 (td, $J=11.5$, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (t, $J=7.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, $J=7.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.73 (d, $J=16.8$, 1H), 2.87 (dd, $J=16.8$, 5.2 Hz, 1H),
 5 4.21 (t, $J=6.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.61 (s, 1H), 6.54 (d, $J=2.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.62 (dd, $J=8.4$, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, $J=8.4$ Hz, 1H).

MS-ESI $[\text{M}-\text{H}_2\text{O}+\text{H}]^+=599$

Example 18

10 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene



Prepared as described for Example 8 using 17-(1,2-ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (46 mg,
 20 0.075 mmol) as starting material. The crude product was purified on column chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 1:2) to give the title compound (36 mg, 76%).

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 1:2)=0.25

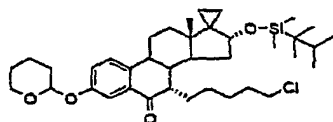
^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 0.46-0.59 (m, 3H), 0.73 (m, 1H), 0.82 (s, 3H), 1.83-2.00 (m, 2H), 2.12-2.40 (m, 6H), 2.59-2.90 (m, 6H), 4.20 (t, $J=6.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.95, 6.23 (2s, 1H), 6.56 (d, $J=2.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.62 (m, 1H), 7.12 (d, $J=8.5$ Hz, 1H).

MS-ESI $[\text{M}-\text{H}_2\text{O}+\text{H}]^+=615$

Example 19

30 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy 6-keto-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

a. 7 α -(5-Chloro-n-pentyl)-16 α -(dimethylhexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6-keto-3-
 35 tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene



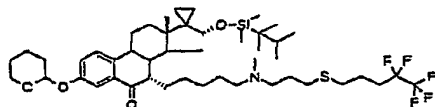
5 Prepared as described for SM4-c using 16 α -(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6-keto-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (971 mg, 8.54 mmol) and 1-chloro-5-iodo-pentane (523 mg, 2.25 mmol) as starting materials. The crude product was purified on column
10 chromatography (heptane-EtOAc, 20:1) to give the title compound (511 mg, 44%).

R_f (heptane-EtOAc, 10:1)=0.26

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.01, 0.07 (2s, 6H), 0.36 (m, 2H), 0.49 (m, 1H), 0.79 (m, 1H), 0.81 (s, 3H), 0.83 (s, 6H), 0.88
15 (d, J=6.8 Hz, 6H), 2.34 (m, 1H), 2.48 (broad d, J=11.3 Hz, 1H), 2.74 (m, 1H), 3.50 (t, J=6.7 Hz, 2H), 3.61 (m, 1H), 3.90 (m, 1H), 4.23 (d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.46 (m, 1H), 7.21 (dd, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (s, 1H).

20 b. 16 α -(Dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6-keto-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

25



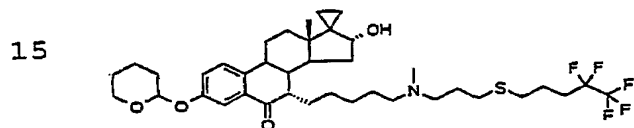
NaI (50 mg, 0.33 mmol) and TBD-methylpolystyrene (350 mg, 0.91 mmol) were added to a solution of 7 α -(5-chloro-n-pentyl)-16 α -(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6-keto-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-
30 triene (175 mg, 0.272 mmol) and 1-methylamino-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-pentylsulfanyl)-propane (175 mg, 0.660 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) and MeCN (1.0 mL). The
35 reaction mixture was stirred under microwave-assisted conditions at 180°C for 1 h. After cooling the reaction mixture was concentrated at reduced pressure and the

residue was purified on column chromatography (CHCl₃-MeOH, 40:1, 20:1) to give the title compound (166 mg, 70%) as an oil.

R_f (CHCl₃-MeOH, 10:1)=0.50

5 ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.01, 0.06 (2s, 6H), 0.36 (m, 2H), 0.49 (m, 1H), 0.79 (m, 1H), 0.81 (s, 3H), 0.83 (s, 6H), 0.88, 0.89 (2d, J=6.8 Hz, 6H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 2.74 (m, 1H), 3.61 (m, 1H), 3.90 (m, 1H), 4.24 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.46 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (s, 1H).

10 c. 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-16α-hydroxy-6-keto-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

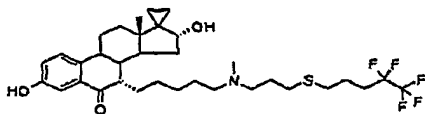


Prepared as described for Example 9-b using 16α-(dimethylthexyl)-silanyloxy-17-(1,2-ethylene)-6-keto-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (179 mg, 0.205 mmol) as starting material. The reaction mixture was stirred under microwave-assisted conditions at 140°C for 20 min. The crude product was purified on column chromatography (CHCl₃-MeOH, 20:1) to give the title compound (94 mg, 63%) as an oil.

R_f (CHCl₃-MeOH, 10:1)=0.40

30 ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.46-0.61 (m, 3H), 0.79 (m, 1H), 0.81 (s, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 2.75 (m, 1H), 3.62 (m, 1H), 3.90 (m, 1H), 4.20 (d, J=7.1 Hz, 1H), 5.47 (m, 1H), 7.21 (dm, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (m, 1H).
d. 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16α-dihydroxy-6-keto-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene

35



5 MgCl₂ (19 mg, 0.1 mmol) was added to a solution of
17-(1,2-Ethylene)-16α-hydroxy-6-keto-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-
(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-
3-tetrahydropyranyloxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene (94 mg,
0.129 mmol) in MeOH (2.0 mL). The reaction mixture was
10 stirred under microwave-assisted conditions at 150°C for
1 h. After cooling the reaction mixture was concentrated
at reduced pressure and the residue was partitioned
between Et₂O and water. The organic phase was washed with
water and brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated at
15 reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column
chromatography (CHCl₃-MeOH, 20:1) to give the title
compound (40 mg, 48%).

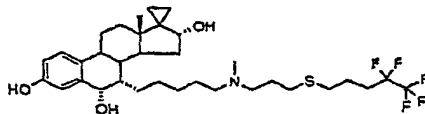
R_F (CHCl₃-MeOH, 10:1)=0.27

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.46-0.63 (m, 3H), 0.80 (m, 1H), 0.80 (s,
20 3H), 2.14 (m, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.53 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H),
2.57 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 4.19 (d, J=6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd,
J=8.5, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d,
J=2.9 Hz, 1H).

MS-ESI [M+H]⁺=646

25 Example 20

17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6α,16α-trihydroxy-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-
(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-
pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene



30 NaBH₄ (50 mg, 1.3 mmol) was added to a solution of
17-(1,2-ethylene)-6-keto-7α-[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-
35 pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-
1,3,5(10)-triene (29 mg, 0.045 mmol) in MeOH (1.0 mL).
The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h and was then

partitioned between Et₂O and water. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified on column chromatography (CHCl₃-MeOH, 10:1, 5:1) to give the title compound (20 mg, 69%).

R_f (CHCl₃-MeOH, 5:1)=0.17

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.44-0.60 (m, 3H), 0.77 (m, 1H), 0.80 (s, 3H), 2.14 (m, 2H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 2.50 (t, J=7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.56 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.63 (m, 2H), 4.19 (d, J=6.7 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (d, J=5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (dd, J=8.5, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H).

MS-ESI [M+H]⁺=648

Biological models

In vitro binding affinity to the estrogen receptor-α (MDS PharmaServices)

Binding affinity was determined in a displacement assay using hER-α (recombinant, insect Sf cells) with 0.5 nM ³H-estradiol as radioligand. The compounds were tested in concentrations from 0.03-10.0 nM. Results are given as IC₅₀ and Ki.

In vivo estrogenic agonism (MDS PharmaServices)

Compounds were administered s.c. (10 mg/kg) for three consecutive days to a group of 5 ICR derived immature female mice weighing approx. 13 g. The animals were sacrificed 24 h after the final dose and wet weight of the uterus was measured. A 50% or greater increase in the uterine weight relative to the vehicle control group indicates possible estrogen agonist activity.

In vivo estrogenic antagonism (MDS PharmaServices)

Compounds were administered s.c. (10 mg/kg) for three consecutive days to a group of 5 ICR derived immature female mice weighing approx. 13 g and challenged with estradiol-benzoate (3 µg/kg s.c.) immediately after each daily dosing. The animals were sacrificed 24 h after the final dose and wet weight of the uterus was measured. A 50% or greater reduction in the estradiol-induced

increase in uterine weight indicates possible estrogen antagonist activity.

Table 1 Biological effects of representative examples of the compounds according to the present invention

5

	ER α -aff (nM)		In vivo agonism (%)	in vivo antagonism
	Ki	IC ₅₀		
ICI 164,384 SM4*	0.76	2.67	43	66
ICI 182,780*	0.41	1.43	4	66
Ex 1	1.00	3.50	1	61
Ex 4	0.71	2.48	4	58
Ex 5	0.34	1.19	8	55
Ex 8	2.91	10.2		
Ex 10	1.36	4.75		
Ex 12	0.45	1.59		
Ex 14	>10	>10		
Ex 16	0.30	1.04		
Ex 18	0.26	0.92		

* Reference substances.

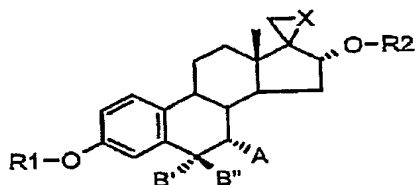
References

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CLAIMS

1. A compound of the general formula I



I

wherein

A is a 8-22 atoms long substituent, which convey anti-estrogenic properties to the compound and which substituent A is defined by D₁₋₆, wherein D is chosen from the group comprising R₄-C(O)R₄, R₄S(O)₀₋₂R₄, N(R₄)₃, R₄OR₄ and R₄(C₆H₄)R₄

wherein R₄ independently represents a bond, or H, or a halogenated or non-halogenated, saturated or unsaturated, mono-, di-, or trivalent C₁-C₁₂ hydrocarbon

B', B'' are H, H or H, O-R₃ or O-R₃, H or H, F or together represent =O;

R₁ is H, or a potentially metabolically unstable group chosen from the group comprising a straight, branched, or cyclic C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ acyl, benzoyl, sulphamoyl, or N-acetyl-sulphamoyl;

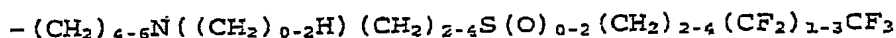
R₂ is H, or a potentially metabolically unstable group chosen from the group comprising C₁-C₆ acyl or benzoyl;

R₃ is H, or C₁-C₃ alkyl, or a potentially metabolically unstable group chosen from the group comprising C₁-C₆ acyl, benzoyl, sulphamoyl, or N-acetyl-sulphamoyl; and

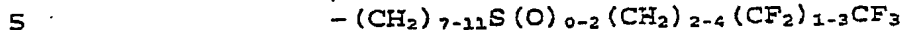
X is methylene or a single bond, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the compounds of the general formula I.

2. A compound according to claim 1,

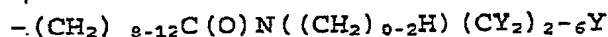
wherein A is



or

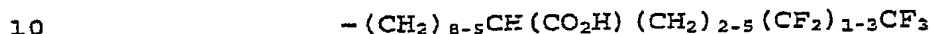


or

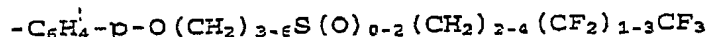


wherein Y is chosen from H or F

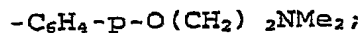
or



or



or



15 R1 is hydrogen, or methyl, or acetyl, or benzoyl, or sulphamoyl, or N-acetyl-sulphamoyl;

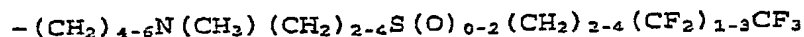
R2 is hydrogen; and

R3 is H, or methyl, or a potentially metabolically unstable group chosen from the group comprising C1-C6 acyl, benzoyl, sulphamoyl, or N-acetyl-sulphamoyl.

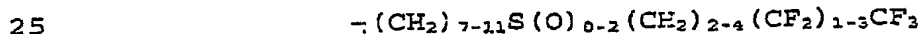
20

3. A compound according to claim 1 or 2,

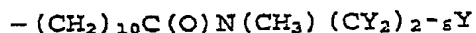
wherein A is



or

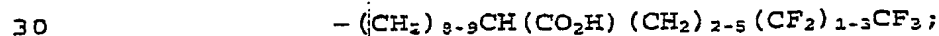


or



wherein Y is chosen from H or F

or



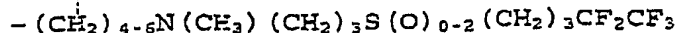
B', B'' are H, H or H, O-R3 or O-R3, H or H, F;

R1 is H, or methyl, or acetyl, or sulphamoyl; and

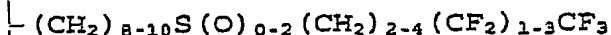
R3 is H, or methyl, or acyl;

4. A compound according to any one of claims 1-3,

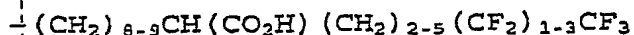
35 wherein A is



or



or

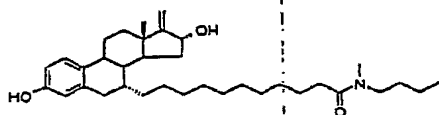


5 and

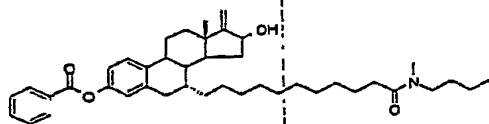
R3 is H.

5. A compound according to any one of claims 1-4
chosen from the group comprising

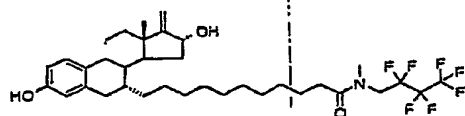
11-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-
7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide,



15 11-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-
7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide 3-O-benzoate,

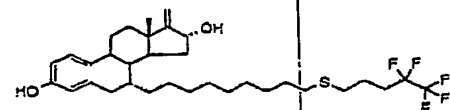


20 11-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-
7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid (2,2,3,3,4,4,4-heptafluoro)-n-
butyl-methyl-amide,

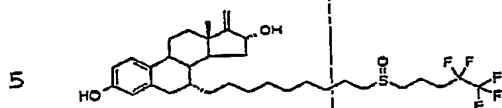


30

3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-penta-
fluoro-n-pentyl)thio]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

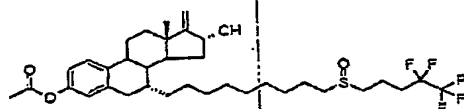


3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



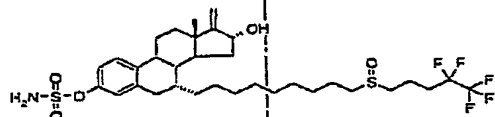
3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-acetate,

10



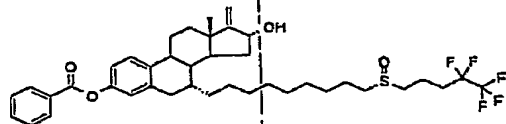
3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-sulfamate,

20



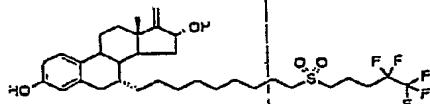
3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-benzoate,

25



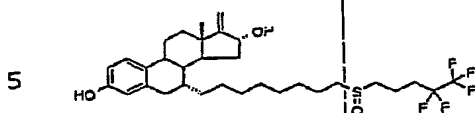
3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfonyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

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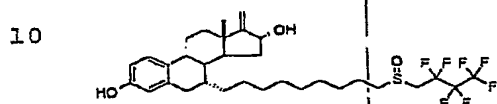


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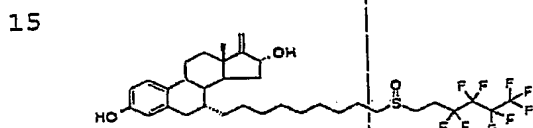
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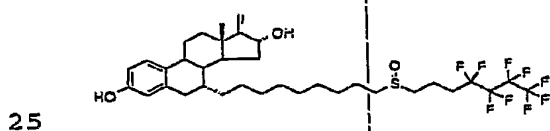
7 α -[9-[(2,2,3,3,4,4,4-Heptafluoro-n-butyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-3,16 α -dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



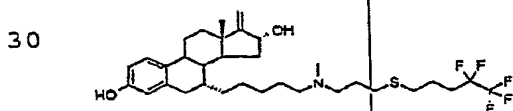
3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)sulfonyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-nonafluoro-n-heptyl)sulfonyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



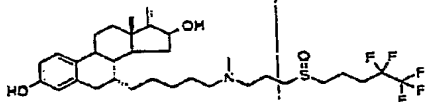
3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



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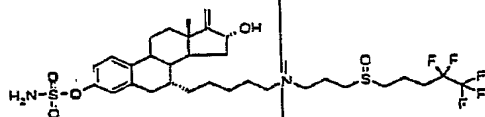
3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfinyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

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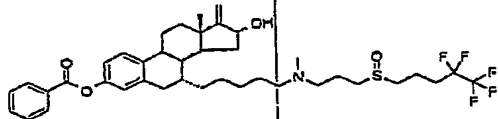
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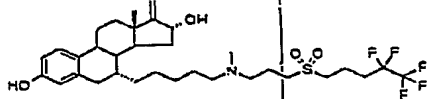
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20



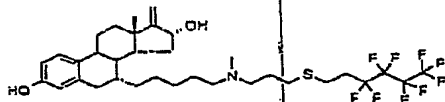
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3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

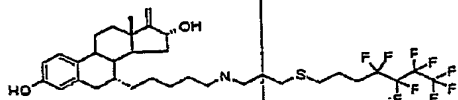
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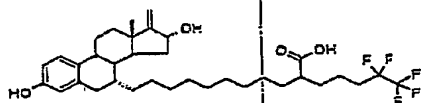
3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-nonafluoro-n-heptyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

5



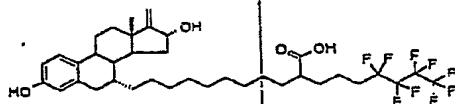
11-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)-undecanoic acid,

10



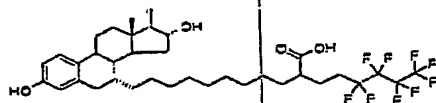
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20



11-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-undecanoic acid,

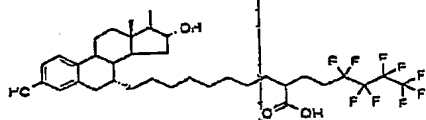
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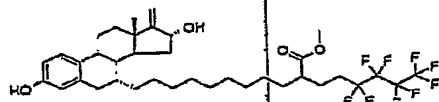
10-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-decanoic acid,

35



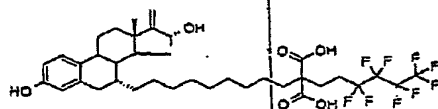
11-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-undecanoic acid methylester,

5



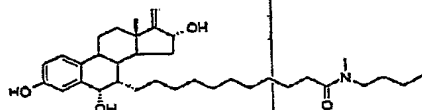
2-[9-(3,16 α -Dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-nonyl]-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-malonic acid,

10



11-(3,6 α ,16 α -Trihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide,

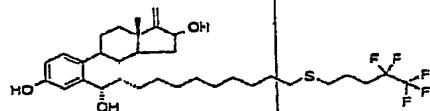
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3,6 α ,16 α -Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thio]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

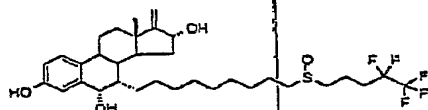
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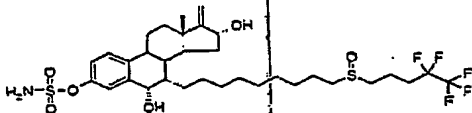
3,6 α ,16 α -Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

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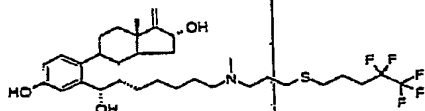
3,6 α ,16 α -Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-sulfamate,

5



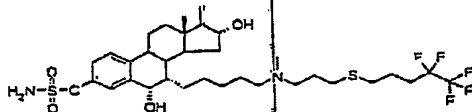
3,6 α ,16 α -Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

10



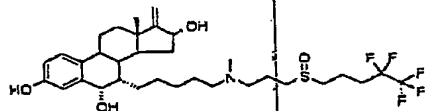
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20



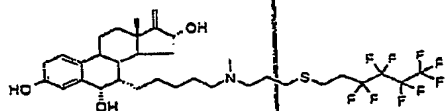
3,6 α ,16 α -Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfinyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

25



3,6 α ,16 α -Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

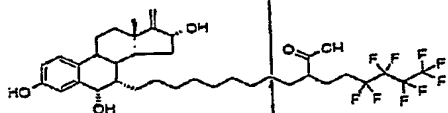
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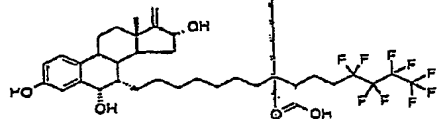
11-(3,6 α ,16 α -Trihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-undecanoic acid,

5



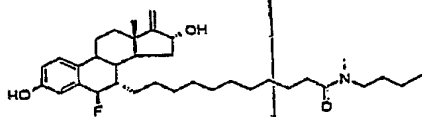
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10



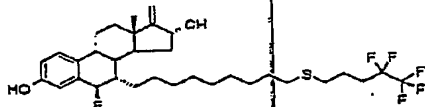
15 11-(6 β -Fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methylamide,

20



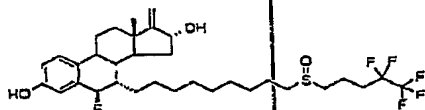
6 β -Fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thio]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

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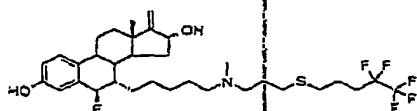
30 6 β -Fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

35



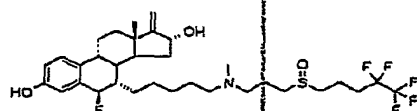
6 β -Fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

5



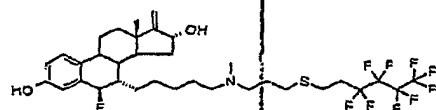
6 β -Fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfinyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

10



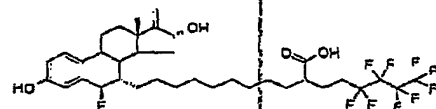
6 β -Fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

20



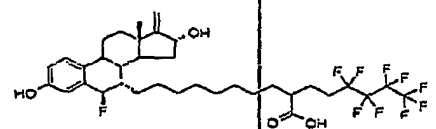
11-(6 β -Fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-undecanoic acid,

25



10-(6 β -Fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-decanoic acid,

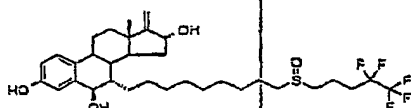
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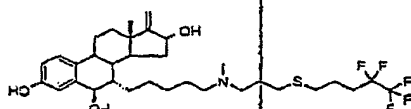
3,6 β ,16 α -Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl) sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

5



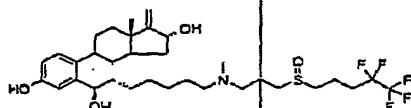
3,6 β ,16 α -Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

10



3,6 β ,16 α -Trihydroxy-17-methylene-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylsulfinyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

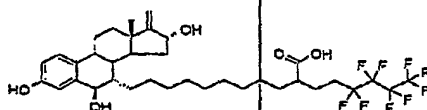
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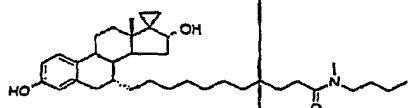
11-(3,6 β ,16 α -Trihydroxy-17-methylene-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-undecanoic acid,

25



11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide,

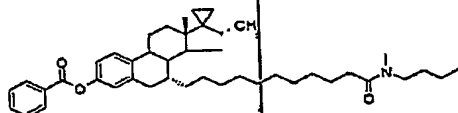
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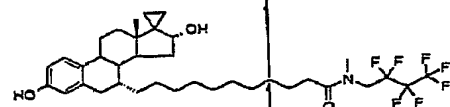
11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide 3-O-benzoate,

5



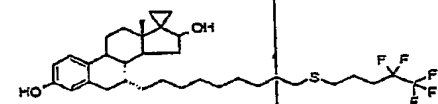
11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid (2,2,3,3,4,4,4-heptafluoro)-n-butyl-methyl-amide,

10



17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thio]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

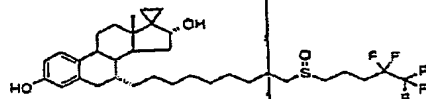
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17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

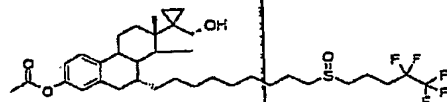
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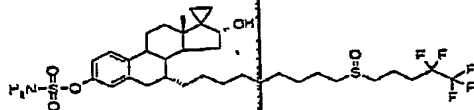
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35



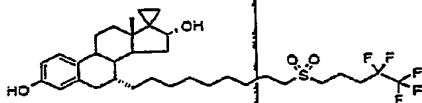
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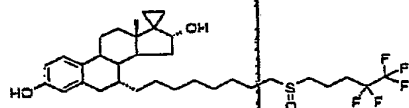
17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfonyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

10



17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]octyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

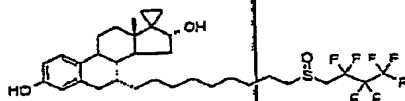
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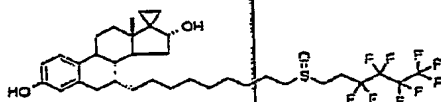
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25



17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)sulfonyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

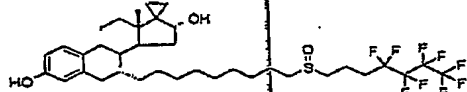
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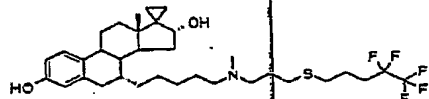
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estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

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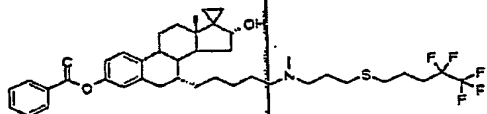
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estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

10



17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-
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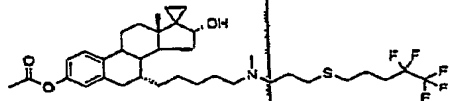
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17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-
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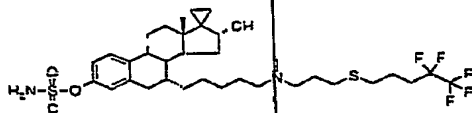
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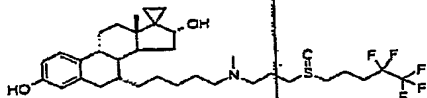
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estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-sulfamate,

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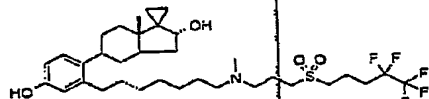
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5



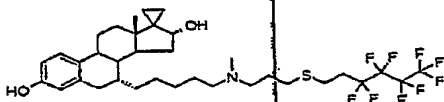
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10



17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

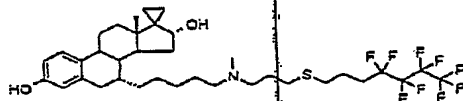
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17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-nonafluoro-n-heptyl)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

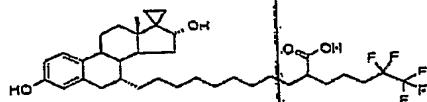
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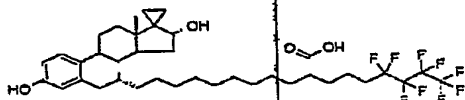
11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)-undecanoic acid,

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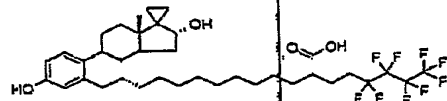
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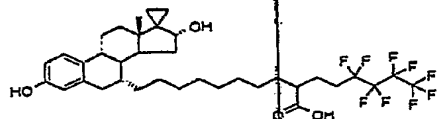
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10



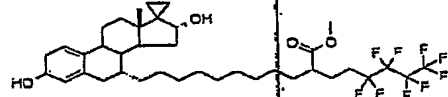
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20



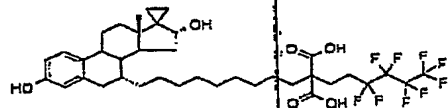
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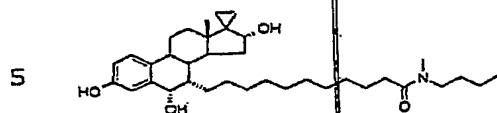
2-[9-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-nonyl]-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-malonic acid,

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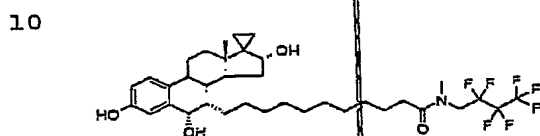


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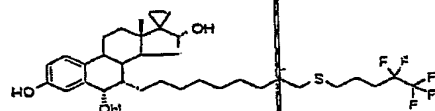
11- (17- (1,2-Ethylene) -3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl) -undecanoic acid n-butyl-methyl-amide,



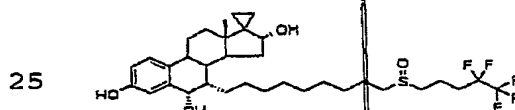
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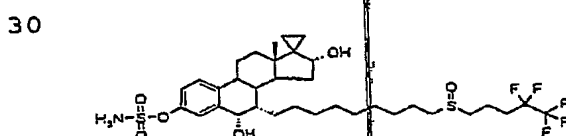
17- (1,2-Ethylene) -3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thio]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



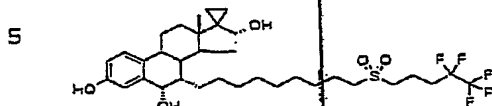
20 17- (1,2-Ethylene) -3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



30 17- (1,2-Ethylene) -3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-sulfamate,

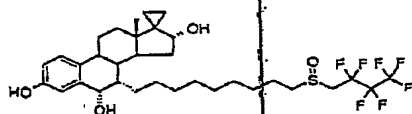


17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfonyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



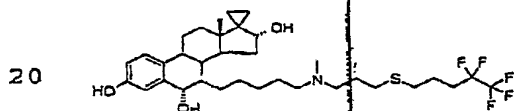
17-(1,2-Ethylene)-7 α -[9-[(2,2,3,3,4,4,4-heptafluoro-n-butyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

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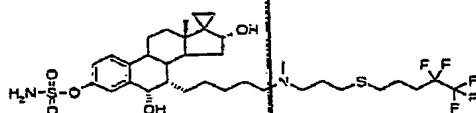
17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

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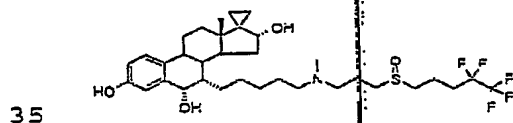
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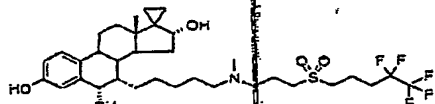
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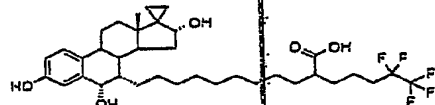
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5



11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)-undecanoic acid,

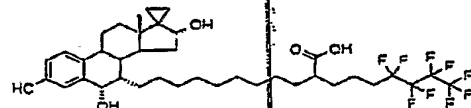
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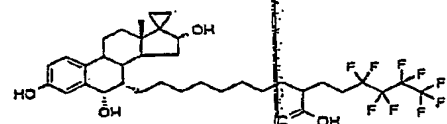
11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-nonafluoro-n-heptyl)-undecanoic acid,

20



10-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-decanoic acid,

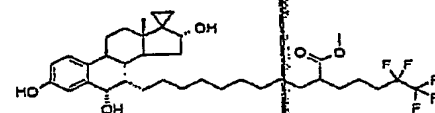
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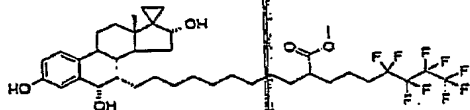
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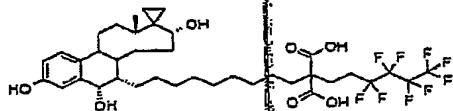
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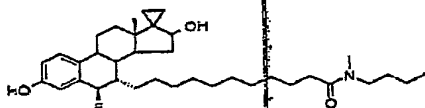
2-[9-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 α ,6 α -trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-nonyl]-2-(3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-nonafluoro-n-hexyl)-malonic acid,

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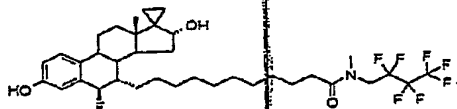
11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-undecanoic acid n-butyl-methylamide,

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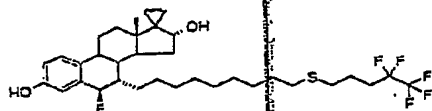
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25



17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thio]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

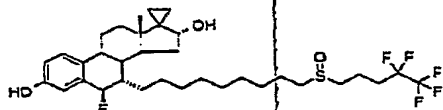
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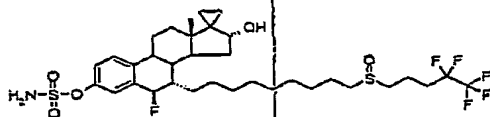
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17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-
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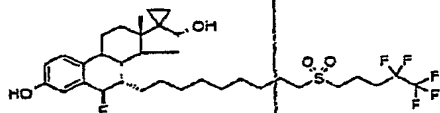


17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-
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10 1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-sulfamate,



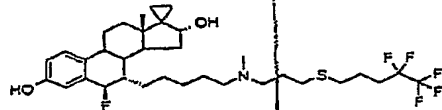
15 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[9-
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1,3,5(10)-triene,

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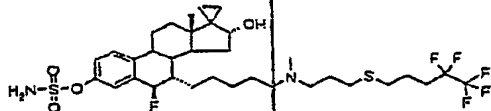
17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-
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amino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

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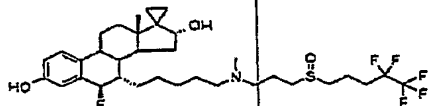
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amino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene 3-O-sulfamate,

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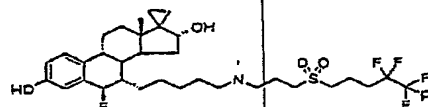
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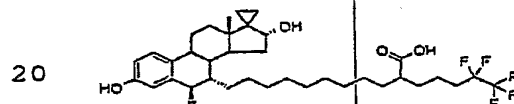
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10



11-(17-(1,2-Ethylene)-6 β -fluoro-3,16 α -dihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl)-2-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)-undecanoic acid,

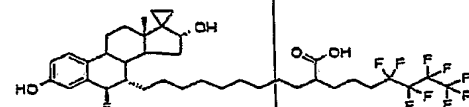
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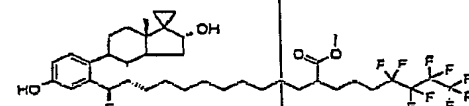
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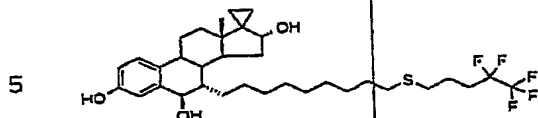
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30



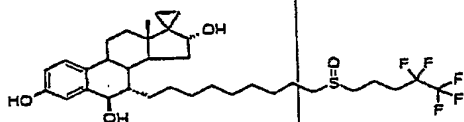
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17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 β ,6 α -trihydroxy-7 α -[9-[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thio]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



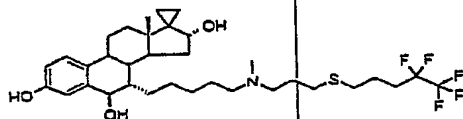
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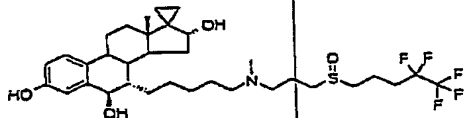
17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,6 β ,6 α -trihydroxy-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3-(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio)-propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

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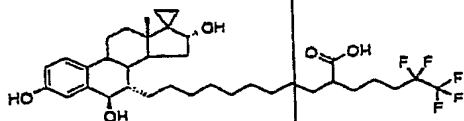
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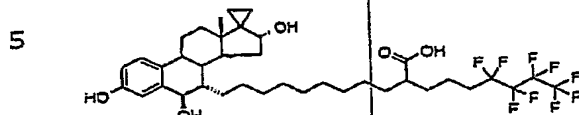
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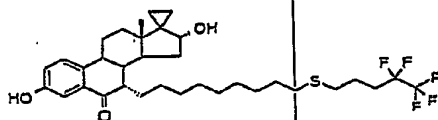


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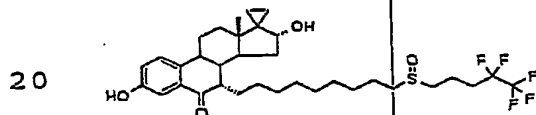
11- (17- (1,2-Ethylene) -3,6 β ,6 α -trihydroxy-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene-7 α -yl) -2- (4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-nonafluoro-n-heptyl) -undecanoic acid,



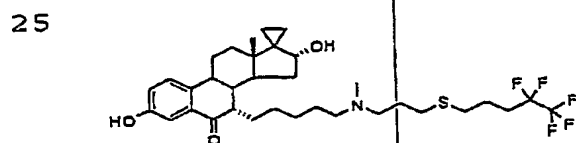
17- (1,2-Ethylene) -3,16 α -dihydroxy-6-keto-7 α -[9- (4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl) thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



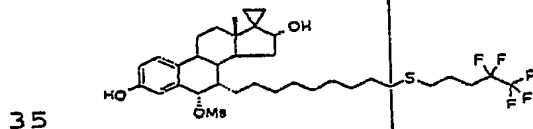
15 17- (1,2-Ethylene) -3,16 α -dihydroxy-6-keto-7 α -[9- [(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl) sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,



17- (1,2-Ethylene) -3,16 α -dihydroxy-6-keto-7 α -[5-[N-methyl-N-3- (4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentylthio) -propylamino]-pentyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

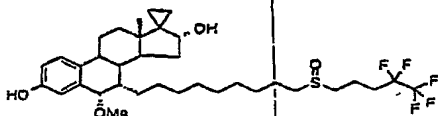


30 17- (1,2-Ethylene) -3,16 α -dihydroxy-6 α -methoxy-7 α -[9- (4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl) thiononyl]-estra-1,3,5(10)-triene,

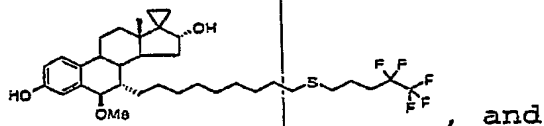


17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6 α -methoxy-7 α -[9-
[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-
1,3,5(10)-triene,

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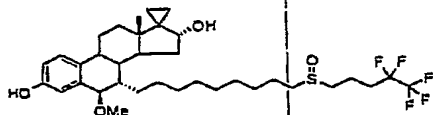


17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6 β -methoxy-7 α -[9-
(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)thiononyl]-estra-
10 1,3,5(10)-triene,



15 17-(1,2-Ethylene)-3,16 α -dihydroxy-6 β -methoxy-7 α -[9-
[(4,4,5,5,5-pentafluoro-n-pentyl)sulfinyl]nonyl]-estra-
1,3,5(10)-triene

20



6. A compound according to any one of claims 1-5 for
use as a medicament.

7. Use of a compound according to any one of claims
25 1-5 for the manufacturing of a medicament for the treat-
ment of an estrogen related disorder or condition that
benefits from antiestrogen treatment.

8. Use according to claim 7, wherein the estrogen
related disorder or condition is chosen from the group
30 comprising estrogen dependent breast cancer, anovulatory
infertility, menstrual disorders, male pattern baldness,
dysfunctional uterine bleeding, endometrial polyps, be-
nign breast disease, uterine leiomyomas, adenomyosis,
ovarian cancer, endometrial cancer, melanoma, prostate
35 cancer, cancers of the colon, CNS cancers, endometriosis,
polycystic ovary syndrome, infertility and contraception
in males.

9. Use according to claim 7 or 8, wherein the estrogen related disorder is estrogen dependent breast cancer.

10. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to any one of claims 1-5, admixed with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients or carriers.

11. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 10, wherein the excipients are chosen from the group comprising filling agents, lubricants, flavours, colourings, sweetenings, buffers, acidifying agents, diluents and preservatives.

12. A pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 10-11, which is administered orally, intramuscularly, intravenously, intraperitoneally or subcutaneously, via implants, rectally, intranasally, transdermally, or vaginally; preferably orally, transdermally or intranasally.

13. A method of treatment comprising administration of a pharmaceutically effective amount of compound according to claim 1-5 or a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 10-12 to a subject suffering from an estrogen dependent disorder or condition.

14. A method of treatment according to claim 13, wherein the estrogen dependent disorder or condition is chosen from the group comprising estrogen dependent breast cancer, anovulatory infertility, menstrual disorders, male pattern baldness, dysfunctional uterine bleeding, endometrial polyps, benign breast disease, uterine leiomyomas, adenomyosis, ovarian cancer, endometrial cancer, melanoma, prostate cancer, cancers of the colon, CNS cancers, endometriosis, polycystic ovary syndrome, infertility and contraception in males.

15. A method of treatment according to claim 13 or 14, wherein the estrogen dependent disorder is estrogen dependent breast cancer.

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ABSTRACT

5 The present invention relates to novel compounds
which are 7 α -substituted 17-alkylene-16 α -hydroxy steroidal
estrogens. This invention specifically relates to
estrogen derivatives where the 7 α -substituent is chosen
in such a way that it conveys anti-estrogenic properties
to the compound. The present invention also relates to
use of said compounds as a medicament; and for the treat-
10 ment of estrogen dependent disorders, a pharmaceutical
composition comprising one or more of said compounds and
a method of treatment.

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